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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

NAPLES, April 9.

BY a letter from Otranto, of the 28th of March, we have the following account. "A ſhip from Corfu brings advice, that the Ruſſians have again made themſelves maſters of the Iſle of Lemnos, where they put all the Turks to the ſword, becauſe they had not kept their word in regard to the Chriſtians, when they took the iſland in October. The ſame ſhip alſo brings an account, that the Ruſſians had taken the iſland of Metiline, and are building a fort there.

Rome, May 1. A diſcovery has juſt been made in the City of Paleſtrina, which will throw great light on the Roman Hiſtory. It is a very large Circus, on which are inſcribed all the Faſti, or Calendars, as well civil and political as ſacred, of the Roman People, from the foundation of the Republic. Cardinal Stoppani, who is Biſhop of the place, has ordered the excavation to be made with the moſt ſcrupulous care, at his own expence. The diſcovery is the more intereſting, as it is quite authentic. All around is found the deſcription of it by a famous Grammarian of the time, who was employed in adjuſting theſe Calendars.

Mittau, in Courland, May 1. One hundred and fifty houſes, with their inhabitants and cattle, were carried away by the rapidity of the late torrents at Riga.

Naples, April 30. A vicient eruption of Mount Veſuvius has juſt happened on the ſide of the principality of Oltajano; but the Lava has taken ſuch a courſe, that no damage has been received.

Verſailles, May 18. After the marriage ceremony of the Count and Counteſs of Provence was performed, on the 14th inſtant, the latter returned to her apartment, where the Duke de Duras had the honour to deliver to her the key of a coffer filled with a great number of jewels, which his Majeſty had ordered to be conveyed into the chamber of that Princeſs.

Warſaw, May 1. All our advices from Podolia, Walachia, and other provinces of the kingdom, confirm the ceſſation of the plague. They write from Rowns of April 9, that there reigns among the Peaſants and Jews, in the environs of that Place, a violent fever, of which many die for want of care and precaution.

Winter ſtill continues there, and by the great quantity of proviſions which they are obliged to deliver to the Ruſſian army near Jaſſy, their miſery is exceſſive. The ravages which the plague hath made in thoſe cantons are incredible. As they have not the means of burying the dead, they throw ſome promiſcuouſly into ditches, and leave others in the woods unburied.

Munich, May 12. This Country, which uſed to be the granary of Tirol, Switzerland, and of ſeveral unfruitful territories, is now reduced to great extremity, and the government is wholly employed in relieving it. For this purpoſe, one hundred large barrels of flour, which had lain in one of the city ſtore-houſes ever ſince the year 1632, when Guſtavus Adolphus ravaged Bavaria, have been examined; and though reduced to a kind of ſtone, are found, in ſome degree, ſerviceable, by a proper mixture of freſh meal; and the bread, made in this manner, is diſtributed to the poor. Many expedients are taken to procure corn from Italy and Auſtria; and all perſons, who have no viſible occupations, are ordered to leave the city; the ſubjects to retire to their reſpective habitations; and the foreigners to remove out of the ſtate.

The ſituation of Ratiſbon is ſtill more deplorable, as they have but ſmall hopes of eſcaping a famine: And at Augſburgh, the poorer ſort of people are reduced to ſubſiſt on a kind of bread made of the bark of beach and alder, into which a ſmall quantity of ſpice is worked; though, from its heating quality, it is of itſelf liable to produce diſorders.

Ratiſbon, May 16. The Elector of Bavaria going a few days ago to Nymbhenbourg, was alarmed at ſeeing his coach ſurrounded by a multitude of people, who cried out, "That they did not want to hurt his perſon, but demanded the immediate diſmiſſion of four of his principal Miniſters of State," whom they named, and to whom they attributed their preſent ſtarving condition, and indeed all their diſtreſſes. The Body-guards refuſed to obey the order they received to diſperſe the populace; ſo that there was no other way to appeaſe them, than the Elector's promiſing that their grievances ſhould be redreſſed. Since that day, the garriſon of Munich, and the Elector's guard, have been trebled.

Copenhagen, May 7. An ordinance is going to be publiſhed, which aboliſhes the puniſhment of death for robbery, and to ſubſtitute in its ſtead whipping and branding.

Paris, May 31. On the 27th inſtant 42 Counſellors of the Chatelet received lettres de cachet, which baniſh them to different places. All theſe Gentlemen have orders to depart in 24 hours.

Hague, May 17. According to letters from Vienna, the paſſing and repaſſing of Couriers to and from Berlin, and *vice verſa*, have for twelve days been more frequent than ever between thoſe two Courts, from which there are alſo, from time to time, Couriers ſent to Peterſburgh; but the contents of all theſe diſpatches ſtill remain a great ſecret. We have, however, reaſon to believe, that the affairs of which thoſe three Powers are treating, are in a very good ſituation; and that they will ſoon be ſettled to the ſatisfaction of all parties. The unexpected arrival of Count Alexis Orlow, and of Prince Dolgorucki, Ruſſian Nobiemen, in that city, and the gracious reception which they have met with from the Emperor and the Empreſs Queen, who admitted them to an audience, we conſider as no equivocal marks of the good underſtanding which reigns between the Imperial Court and Peterſburgh; and that, notwithſtanding ſome late and preſent menaces of the former of thoſe two courts, not to ſuffer the Ruſſians to paſs the Danube, and extend their progreſs further into the Dominions of the Ottoman Porte, beyond that river, yet thoſe two Courts perfectly underſtand each other; which the event will not fail to prove and verify.

Letters from Paris inform us, that the King, in order to make the Princes of the Blood ſenſible of his diſcontent, on account of the Proteſt which they cauſed to be regiſtered againſt all the Proceedings at the Bed of Juſtice held on the 12th of April laſt at Verſailles, hath not invited them to the marriage of the Count de Provence; and only the Princeſſes, their Conſorts and Daughters, have had that honour. It is alſo remarkable, that when the King reviewed his two regiments of guards on Tueſday laſt, neither of thoſe Princes were preſent.

Hague, May 24. Private letters from Peterſburgh inform us, that when Count Alexis Orlow, Commander in Chief of the Ruſſian naval forces in the Mediterranean, had his audience of leave of the Empreſs, in order to return to his poſt, her Imperial Majeſty cauſed to be delivered to him, not only a conſiderable ſum of money in ſpecie, but alſo bills of exchange for upwards of 5,000,000 of rubles, for the ſupport of the ſaid naval forces; which, added to the contributions that the Ruſſians levy in the iſlands they have ſubdued in the Archipelago, will enable them to live plentifully, and to advance their progreſs.

LONDON.

May 20. *Letters from Sweden inform us, that in the different dock-yards of that kingdom,* 30 *ſhips of war, and frigates, are building for the ſervice of France, conformably to one of the ſeparate articles ſtipulated in the new treaty of ſubſidy concluded between thoſe two powers.*

They write from Aſhtop of the 6th inſtant, a little village on the borders of the Tweed, the weather continues ſo very cold, that the ice in the rivulets ſtill continues to choak them up, and that there was a great fall of ſnow the third inſtant, which ſtill lies on the ground.

The King of Portugal has publiſhed an order to ſuppreſs ſixteen religious houſes in the city of Liſbon. It is ſaid that ſimilar orders are to extend all over Portugal.

Several ſhips are fitting out in the Thames, to ſail for America, to bring home timber for the uſe of the Navy.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, May 14.

"According to letters from Madrid, the King of Spain appears firmly reſolved, and invariably determined to effect, let the conſequence be what it will, the ſuppreſſion of the Society of Jeſuits; in order to which his Catholic Majeſty has ſent a new order to Mr. Aſparu, his Ambaſſador reſident at Rome, to inſiſt on and labour the point moſt ardently with the Pope, for the diſſolution of that pernicious ſociety.

"We are informed that the averſion of the Spaniſh Monarch to the Jeſuits is increaſed, ſince a farther and more ſcrupulous ſearch has lately been made in the houſes which theſe ſons of Loyola poſſeſſed in Spain; whereby it was diſcovered, that theſe hypocrites had concealed to the value of near 70 millions of Piaſtres, and many papers of importance."

A celebrated lady of the Britiſh Court (Lady An---m) who is indeed an honour to it, is to appear at Court on the approaching birth-day in a ſuit of clothes trimmed with her own work, which is ſo finely executed, that it cannot (except by very nice judges) be diſtinguiſhed from point. It has coſt the fair artiſt two years time to perfect it.

They write from Portugal, that a Brief is arrived there from Rome, addreſſed to the Patriarch of that city, empowering him to ſuppreſs, reform, ſeparate and diſperſe, what religious houſes he ſhall think proper throughout the whole kingdom, and introduce ſuch new regulations into all the monaſteries, as ſhall, in a very great meaſure, ſubject them to the controul of the temporal juriſdiction.

May 22. *Advice is ſaid to be received by the Liſbon mail, that his Moſt Faithful Majeſty is about to prohibit all commercial intercourſe between his ſubjects and thoſe of France.*

Meaſures are already adopted, and will be put into execution with all poſſible ſpeed, for avoiding the great inconvenienceies ariſing from the want of paper currency in the Colonies.

It is confidently aſſerted, that ſome very ſtrong efforts will be made the next ſeſſion of Parliament, for introducing an American Repreſentation into the Grand Council of the Nation.

May 24. The death of General Wolfe, a picture at the exhibition of the Royal Academy, by Mr. WEST, is ſaid to be purchaſed by Lord Groſvenor for 600 Guineas; a circumſtance highly honourable to the Britiſh artiſts. [*Mr. Weſt is a native of Philadelphia.*]

Lord Chatham lately went to the exhibition of pictures, at the Royal Academy in Pall-Mall, on purpoſe to ſee Mr. Weſt's celebrated picture of General Wolfe's death; his Lordſhip placed himſelf before the piece for a conſiderable time, and examined it with great attention. Upon retiring, he pronounced it well executed upon the whole, but thought there was too much dejection not only in the dying hero's face, but in the faces of the ſurrounding officers, who, he ſaid, as Engliſhmen, ſhould forget all traces of private misfortunes, when they had ſo glorioufly conquered for their country.

A Council was held this morning at the Secretary's Office, in Cleveland-Row, ſaid to be on ſome intelligence which has been received from France.

May 25. Private letters from Madrid mention, that certain intelligence had been received at Court, of a dangerous inſurrection in a principal province of Spain, in South-America.

A Gentleman, who arrived in town on Thurſday from France, ſays, that at Calais it is very difficult to get a joint of meat, ſince the exportation of live cattle from England has been ſtopt; and that the poorer ſort of people there are in the greateſt diſtreſs. This Gentleman adds, that trade is totally at a ſtand; and that at Paris he bought for Four Guineas, a ſword, for which he muſt have paid Ten, when trade was in a flouriſhing condition; ſo greatly are the French in want of money.

Laſt Wedneſday Lady L----r was ſerved with a proceſs from the Eccleſiaſtical Court, it having been determined to proceed againſt her for adultery.

The ſame day Mrs. R---y, wife of A-----l R---y, was ſerved with a proceſs out of the ſame Court, in which proceedings againſt her for adultery will likewiſe be carried on.

Yeſterday was filed in the King's Bench Office, a declaration on behalf of Lord L------ againſt a Piedmonteſe Nobleman, for crim. con. with Lady L-----r, wherein the damages are laid at 20,000 *l. Mr. Dunning was retained for Lord L------- immediately upon the diſcovery of the cauſe of action, as was Mr. Wedderburne for the defendant.*

It is ſaid that a reconciliation has taken place between Lord and Lady G---v----r, and all future proceſs of law entirely ſtopped.

Yeſterday being ſettling day for Eaſt-India ſtock, one lame duck only waddled out of the Alley; his deficiencies amount to near 13,000 *l.*

The following appeared as an advertiſement in one of the Morning Papers of this day, dated Blackheath, May 30.---"Whereas Parſon Horne and 'Squire Wilkes have for ſome time given evident marks of inſanity, by their words, writings, and actions, and have thereby greatly diſturbed Society: It may perhaps deſerve a thought, whether the King, as Father of his People, and Supreme Magiſtrate of the Kingdom, is not conſtitutionally authoriſed to ſend them both to Bedlam, if their friends ſhould neglect to do it, that proper care may be taken of thoſe unhappy men; and that they may be prevented from doing any more miſchief."

It is ſaid, that in order to give ſome check to the vicious ſpirit of gallantry, ſo predominant among the great, and to make the ſenſe of pride operate in the room of virtue, it is under conſideration to prevent all Ladies, but thoſe of irreproachable character, from appearing in the Drawing-room.

The following droll affair happened on Friday laſt in High Holborn.---Some young men having tied an old broken chair to the tail of a large dog, turned him out into the ſtreet; away he run with great ſwiftneſs, and in his way the chair catched hold of the gown of a very genteel dreſſed woman, and threw her down with great force; the dog being very ſtrong, and the chair holding in her gown, he drawed her a little way along the pavement, and bruiſed her in ſeveral places. But this was not the worſt of the ſcene; the Lady having her hair dreſſed in the modern perpendicular taſte, the violence of the fall ſhook down this temporary monument to the very foundation, and great was the fall! The materials with which it was erected were as follows: A piece of black ſtocking ſtuffed with black wool, and made proportionable to the manner in which the hair was dreſſed; and on the outſide was hair very ingeniouſly worked into the ſtocking; upon this ſurprizing piece of workmanſhip was frizzed the Lady's own hair, in order to raiſe the edifice. She being diſentangled, got up, and complained of being hurt a little, but took no notice of her piece of ornament for the head, which ſome boys had got hold of, kicking about the ſtreet as a foot-ball.

Extract of a letter from Riga, in Livonia.

"We have here had the greateſt inundations known in the memory of man. They have carried off a great number of houſes, with all their contents, into the ſea. We were ſpectators of this diſmal misfortune. The ruins of the houſes, with their inhabitants, paſſed by this city. But the impetuoſity of the torrents prevented us from giving them any aſſiſtance. We have loſt all our building timber in the neighbourhood; our buildings however have received no damage from the breaking of the ice."

Extract of a letter from Paris, May 17.

"The ſcaffolding which had been erected on the Saone, for the people to ſee the Counteſs of Provence, at the time of her paſſing by Lyons, fell down, and a great number of perſons loſt their lives by this unhappy accident; many others were very much hurt."

The amour of a certain A-----l's Lady was diſcovered by the following accident: Her Ladyſhip was with her gallant at a noted bagnio not a mile from Charing-croſs. Before they retired to the bed-chamber, they had been raiſing their ſpirits in another room with a glaſs of champaigne. Preſently after a Gentleman was ſhewn into the ſame room the lovers had juſt gone out of; where he found a handkerchief of the Lady's, which ſhe had unfortunately left behind her, with her name upon it at full length, done with the new invented types and liquid. The Gentleman happened to be an intimate friend of the Admiral's, calling up the waiter, enquired where the Lady was who had left that handkerchief there. The waiter heſitated, but the Gentleman peremptorily inſiſting on the information, the fellow told him in what room ſhe was. The Gentleman went, burſt the door open, ſatisfied himſelf of the truth, and immediately departed, to give the injured huſband the diſagreeable news.

Several Gentlemen, friends to both parties, have ſtrenuouſly endeavoured to ſettle matters between Mr. Wilkes and Mr. Horne, but their intentions have hitherto proved ineffectual.

May 27. A Nobleman, who lately wrote to Lord Bute on the ſubject of his return, informed his Lordſhip, that the public prints were again preparing to attack him, and that the people of England would never ſuffer him to live among them quietly. "I know that too well, my dear friend (replied the Earl in his ſucceeding letter) but ſurely they can have no objection to my dying quietly among them; I deſire no other favour at their hands; though I doubt not, when the rage of party has ſubſided, that they will be convinced I could have no intereſt in being their intentional enemy."

May 28. A *Bon Mot*, which lately fell from the Prince of Wales, is much talked of at Court: Being lately at play with his brothers, and ſome other little ones of diſtinction, it was ſuggeſted by one of the young Gentlemen, to make a temporary priſon of a large cloſet in the room, and to confine ſuch offenders there, as violated the eſtabliſhed laws of any amuſement with which they choſe to divert themſelves. The Prince, however, inſtantly diſapproved the propoſition, ſaying, that "Liberty in this country was too ſerious a thing, ever to be made a jeſt of."

The following is ſaid to be the real cauſe of the Earl of Sandwich's preſent ſurvey of the dock-yards. At the beginning of the laſt ſeſſion of Parliament, Sir Edward Hawke declared, not only in the Houſe of Commons, but in the Privy Council, that a certain number of ſhips were fit for immediate ſervice. In a few days afterwards he was obliged to retract the aſſertion he had made, not one third of the number being fit for ſea. Sir Edward was therefore ſummoned to a Cabinet Council. His defence was, that he ſpoke from the reports made to him by the Surveyor of the Navy, Sir Thomas Slade. It was then reſolved in Council, that Sir Thomas ſhould anſwer for his conduct before the Houſe of Commons. This reſolution being taken only two or three days previous to the adjournment of the Houſe for the Chriſtmas Holidays, it was referred to the next meeting, before which time Sir Thomas Slade died. On this occaſion a certain Nobleman was heard to ſay, he died juſt in time to ſave his neck. It was then agreed in Council, that Sir Edward Hawke ſhould be diſmiſſed; and that, for the future, the navy and dock-yards, throughout the kingdom, ſhould be ſurveyed by the Lords of the Admiralty every two years.

May 29. Letters from France mention a prodigious ſcarcity of proviſions in that country, eſpecially in Picardy, where, for want of proper and wholeſome food, a great mortality now prevails amongſt the lower ſort of people.

It is aſſerted that the French Court, at the inſtance of ſome Great Perſons, has at laſt agreed to make a compenſation to Gen. Paoli, for the eſtates which that General formerly poſſeſſed in the iſland of Corſica, ſaid to be worth upwards of 90,000 l.

Mr. Alderman Sawbridge, we are told, is to be Lord Mayor the next yea , againſt the efforts of Mr. Wilkes's friends, who ſeem determined upon a re-election of the preſent chief Magiſtrate. The buſineſs of Midſummer-day will, however, determine this matter pretty clearly; and there will be no doubt of Mr. Sawbridge's ſucceſs, if the ſhrievalty ſhould fall upon Mr. Alderman Oliver.

May 30. *The Emperor of Germany is grown ſo jealous of the diſcipline and other military regulations introduced among his Troops, that he will not permit even the moſt experienced General in his army to review them except in his own preſence; nay, even on the common field days, he riſes very early in the morning, to be preſent at the exerciſe of the battalions.*

At the laſt aſſembly in Soho, Lady C---- was conveyed home in a chariot at four o' clock in the morning, ſitting in a Gentleman's lap, his Lordſhip being in the country.

[*For new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

LONDON.

May 23. It is said that the late Jenison Shafto, Esq; died worth 90,000 l. and that by some Time since performing the extraordinary feat of horsemanship, of riding 50 miles within two hours, he won 12,000 l.

May 24. A Correspondent observes, that in winter our Court is engaged in political squabbles, and in summer in reviews on Blackheath and Wimbledon-common.

A Correspondent says, Lord Bute's coming to England at this time, gives room for various opinions. One (not the most improbable) is, that he is to assist in settling the remainder of the Houshold of the two young Princes; and, after acquitting himself so well in the share he had in the education of his Majesty and his Royal Brothers, there is little doubt but that his advice will be followed.

May 27. Some people think that the quarrel between Mr. Wilkes and Mr. Horne is only a scheme to make the former Sheriff, and that Mr. Horne has purposely taken the worst side of the argument.

Since the commencement of the literary controversy between Messr. Horne and Wilkes, no less than twenty-three persons have applied to the latter to be employed as his Amanuensis; but none of them have succeeded, as that Gentleman transacts all his writing business with his own hands.

May 29. They write from Lisbon, that advice had been received from the Brazils, of a dangerous sett of Pirates, who have lately infested those parts, and taken several homeward bound vessels from Rio Janeiro, to Europe.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, May 21.

"By letters from Paris, of the 17th inst. we are informed, that the Countess de Provence arrived on the 11th of this month at Fountainbleau; on the 13th she went to Choisy with the King, the Count de Provence, &c. The next day her Highness set out for Versailles, where the marriage ceremony was performed with all the pomp and dignity suitable to her rank. In the evening there was a Royal Banquet, to which the Princesses of the Blood were invited, but the Princes of the Blood were not present, except the Count de la Marche, who had assisted at the marriage with the Count d'Eu, and the Duke de Penthievre.

"On the 15th, a grand fire-work was played off, and there were fine illuminations in the gardens facing the Castle. This festival, however, did not bring together so great a number of people as was expected.

"Paris was illuminated on the evening of the wedding day. The Hotel of the Sardinian Ambassador exceeded all the rest in splendor; all the walls and the gate of which had illuminations on them, forming cyphers relative to the august marriage, and the alliance of the two houses; wine and provisions were distributed among the populace."

Great preparations are making at Portsmouth for a grand *Naumachia*, or Spithead engagement, of the 40 ships of war now lying in harbour there, at which, it is said, Lord Sandwich, and the other Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, will be present, as well as a great number of the Nobility, &c.

May 30. Baron Dieden, the Danish Minister at this Court, is upon the point of a temporary return to Copenhagen, charged, it is said, with a business of the greatest importance to the general repose of Europe, which is now likely to be disturbed by the intended partition of a certain northern Republic. When Holland was invaded by the arms of Louis XIV. at the conclusion of the last century, the Prince of Orange, who then commanded the Dutch forces, being asked what he would do when his country was entirely subdued, gloriously answered, "I will die in the last ditch." Similar to this it is expected the conduct of Poniatowski will be, since he lately declared, that though he might not live a happy, he never would fall a despicable Sovereign."

Tuesday night's Gazette contains an account of the ceremonial of the marriage of the Count and Countess of Provence, on the 14th instant, at Versailles, in which are the following particulars: "The Count and Countess of Provence, entering the chapel, advanced to the bottom of the altar, and kneeled down on the cushion placed on the steps of the chancel: The Archbishop of Rheims, Great Almoner, who came out of the Vestry the moment the King entered the chapel, presented his Majesty with holy water, and then went up to the altar, which the King and Royal Family approached. This Prelate, after addressing a discourse to the Count and Countess of Provence, began the ceremony by the benediction of thirteen pieces of gold, and of a golden ring: He presented them to the Count de Provence, who put the ring on the fourth finger of the left hand of the Countess, and gave her the thirteen pieces of gold. The marriage ceremony being finished, and the Count and Countess of Provence having received the nuptial benediction, the King returned to his seat, and the Great Almoner began mass, during which the King's band performed a piece of music suitable to the occasion.

It is said that the Lady Gr------r has proved her recrimination. The success of her Ladyship's attack on his Lordship will be very alarming to many men of fashion who neglect their Ladies; for if the facts are proved, they will be in bar of any sentence of separation, although any thing may happen to be proved against a Lady; the law holding, that persons of gallantry are the fittest to live together.

The Russian General Count Orlow, and Prince Dolgorucki, have left Petersburgh, and are gone to Leghorn to join the Russian fleet in the Archipelago, and follow the plan of operations laid down by the former, which has been approved of by the Empress, who has promised him a present of Fifteen Millions of rubles, for putting it in execution.

Letters from Norwich yesterday say, that on Monday last the populace rose a second time, on account of the high price of provisions, and did considerable mischief; the women, in particular, were very outrageous, they stopped all the carts that were coming to market, and sold the contents at their own price, and returned the money to the owners.

May 31. It is certain a great coolness subsists between the Thane and the Premier.

Lord Bute, we are told, has determined never to accept of any public employment for the future; but that he will be concerned in as much private as may be thought proper.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated May 20, 1771

"The distractions of this country daily increase: The Princes of the blood, and the parliaments of France, are united in one firm body to oppose the tyranny of the court; and the King of Spain, as a Prince of the House of Bourbon, is strongly attached to them, and determined to support them against the court of Versailles, whose politics he detests, and whose plan he abhors, for re-establishing the Jesuits in France. The *sine qua non* of the Princes of the blood is, the restitution to all the parliaments of France of their original constitutional privileges; their freedom of debate, of anulling and registering of parliamentary edicts, and the dismission for ever from the service of France the following regiments of mercenaries, the strongest support of tyranny in France, and at this crisis the only foundation for absolute government: *Cavalry*, Royal Lorrain; *Dragoons*, Jarnac, Schonberg; *Infantry*, Swiss Guards, Alsace, Anhalt, Royal Italien, D'Erlach, Boccard, Sonnenberg, Castella, Waldner, Jenner, La Marck, Diesbach, Courten, Bulkeley, Clare, Dillon, Royal Suedois, Walsh, Berwick, Royal Baviere, Salis, Royal Corse, Nassau, Lochman, Royal Deux Ponts, Eptengen, Buttafaco; *Light Infantry*, Legion de Lorrain, Legion de Corse.

"Very disagreeable news arrived by a courier last night from Strasburgh, and this morning it is said the Empress Queen has complied with the request of our court to form a camp this summer of forty battalions near Brussels---not to attack France, but to stifle those sparks of liberty that begin to blaze in the different parliaments of France."

June 1. *Letters from Paris of the 24th instant, mention, that several Hawkers have been lately taken into custody for vending some Arrets, Remonstrances, Letters of Parliament, Protests of the Princes of the Blood, &c. and committed to prison. The informers on these occasions have been chiefly Ecclesiastics, who urge that in serving the police by such informations, they act agreeably to the will of God.*

The following are the particulars relative to the indecent behaviour of the person who struck his Royal Highness Prince Henry. The Prince of Wales, the Bishop of Osnaburgh, the Princes William, Henry, &c. were at play in one of the aparments, and the head of one of their drums being out, the young Gentleman prevailed on the attendant to get into the drum hoop, that they might draw her about. Prince Henry (who is full of humour) contrived to throw her down; when she, in her foolish resentment, flung him against the wainscot. The King was told of it, who ordered her to go to St. James's, and remain there till Lady Charlotte Finch came to town, as his Majesty did not chuse to interfere in such matters. On Lady Charlotte's arrival, she examined into particulars; when another of the attendants said, that the person accused did not strike the Prince. The Prince of Wales being present, said, Pray, Mrs. ------, do not assert any such thing, you know she did strike my brother; but you are both Scotch women, and will say any thing to protect each other. His Royal Highness's answer occasioned much diversion.

A noble Earl, who is said to have lost above 30,000 *l. at Hazard within these two years, is grown tired of that sedentary amusement, and has been prevailed on* by the Black-legged Gentry *to visit the Tennis Court, in order to compleat his ruin; where he is become a constant attendant, and has within these few days lost upwards of* 5000 *l.*

A debauched young Spendthrift, who has ruined his finances by every species of fashionable extravagance, was lately married to a young Lady of very considerable fortune (who, in all probability, he will soon make a beggar of too) with no other ceremony of courtship, or prelude to their marriage, than seeing her once at an Assembly, and saying to her, "Will you have me, Madam? You are a good fine girl: I'll have you, by ---, if you will." To which the Lady immediately consented, and they were married the week following.----Such are the Coxcombs and the women of the present age!

Part of a Letter from the Highlands of Scotland, dated May 24.

"The great number of men inlisted in this country during the late war, induced me to come here about five months ago, certain, as I thought, of 100 at least; but the people in Scotland are become as knowing as in England. Though countenanced by the Gentlemen of the country, I have only got two very young lads. I have conversed with many of them, and find their aversion to the service to be caused by the information of their friends, who had been soldiers last war. They say it is impossible to exist on the small pay: That after a war they are dismissed at a great distance from home, and only seven or eight shillings given them to carry them on their journey. In case of another war, men will not be got, unless something to the purpose is done for the private soldiers."

A private letter from Paris mentions that a Great Personage has signified lately, that for the future, if a certain favourite Lady should intermeddle in affairs of state, it will be extremely disagreeable to him.

The French and Spanish Courts, use all their influence at Vienna and Constantinople, to break a treaty between the Turks and Russians, in which the King of Prussia is the umpire between the contending parties. France, whose finances will be in a good way after an intended public bankruptcy, insinuates, that a cession extorted from the Porte can never be secure; she therefore proposes to the Austrians to take part in the war against Russia, and, upon that condition, to procure a voluntary cession of all the Turkish dominions to the east of the Danube, without any condition of neutrality.---Spain, to induce the court of Vienna to this step, offers a large subsidy in money; whilst the French propose to enter Germany with an army. The King of Prussia has not confined all his views to this treaty. That active genius, by a mixture of policy and force, is taking steps to form the United Provinces into a limited monarchy, for the family of Orange. The intrigues on this important subject have long since begun; and it is supposed, that the conspiracy for the dissolution of the Republic is already far advanced.

June 4. The ships of war lately put *out* of commission with so much haste, are with equal haste to be put *into* commission again.

Orders are arrived at Portsmouth, for the Marine Captains to go to the different parts of the kingdom to recruit.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, May 28.

"Yesterday morning the grand manœuvres of the garrison of this place were finished; but their end, contrary to all expectation, was somewhat tragical, as one of the Captains of the regiment of the Holland Guards was dangerously wounded in the thigh, by a ball, which, it is presumed, was discharged by a soldier of the regiment of the Swiss Guards, and which, according to appearances, was not designed for that officer, but for the Duke of Wolfenbuttle, Field-Marshal, who was very near him. This misfortune threw all the officers into great consternation, the retreat was immediately ordered to be beaten, and the troops to be dismissed, though they had not gone through half their manœuvres. The Prince of Orange, the Duke Field-Marshal, and all the Generals, are returned here very sorrowfully affected by this unhappy adventure."

Our most gracious Queen, we are assured, has within these two months given considerable sums of money out of her own private purse, to relieve the distresses of real objects of charity.

On Friday the Lord Mayor waited on the Dukes of Portland and Richmond, the Marquis of Rockingham, Earl Temple, and many other Noblemen, in return for the visits they honoured his Lordship with in his confinement in the Tower.

It is said, that a certain Diocesan called last week on the Rev. Mr. H----, and informed him, that if he did not disprove a certain charge brought against him, he should be silenced for three years. N. B. The prohibition cannot be issued for a longer term, but may at the expiration of it be renewed.

On a motion in the Court of Chancery, for appointing a Receiver of the Rents and Profits of the Estates of the late Alderman Beckford, on account of a difference in opinion of the Executors, it appeared that his estates in England amounted to 7000 l. per ann. and in the West-Indies to 20,000 l. per ann. at the lowest: It likewise was asserted by the Attorney General, that in the course of the last year the infant was brought in debtor 37 l. odd shillings; he said he did not doubt but it must astonish the Court, but it was a real fact.

On Saturday a citation was returned into the Bishop of London's Court, for Lady L. to answer the charge laid against her for *crim. con.*

The same day a certain Baronet was cited into the Bishop of London's Court by his Lady for adultery; and she has given orders to her Proctor to proceed to the obtaining a divorce.

Extract of a letter from Paris, May 20.

"It is assured that Mr. Law, who commands in the East-Indies, has wrote to the Ministry, that the Factories could not be supported by any other means than an exclusive privilege granted to a company; and that the English put shackles on the trade of private Adventurers, which give room to think that they are apprehensive of being rivalled."

June 5. *Her Majesty's delivery was so sudden, that there was not time to provide any of the great officers of state usually present on such occasions. Dr. Hunter, and some German Ladies, only were present.*

The Chancellorship of the Dutchy of Lancaster, now vacant by the death of Lord Strange, is an honourable sinecure of 2000 l. per annum. Mr. Charles Fox has been talked of as a successor; but we hear the Premier jocosely declared, *It was too large a crust for so young a tooth as that Gentleman's.*

June 6. When some of the Livery met at the Paul's Head, the first objection made by Mr. Oliver's friends to the election of Alderman Wilkes to the office of Sheriff was, that he would be burthensome to his colleague. To remove this objection, Mr. Manning declared, that he had authority to say, that security, equal to Mr. Oliver's fortune, would be given, if required. The next objection was, that no body would stand with him. Mr. Manning declared, that Mr. Bull would accept the office, if he was pitched upon by the Livery. The last objection was, that such a step would prove injurious to the Electors of Middlesex, and to the great constitutional cause, which has so long engaged the attention of the nation. But it was soon given up.

A letter from Brest mentions, that an Englishman had been taken into custody there, for making a too minute inspection into the fortifications and harbour.

A Gentleman has sent us a faithful translation of the Chancellor Maupeouy's speech to the Officers of the new Court of Justice in Paris, which he thinks may be an entertainment to some of our Readers, as it may serve to shew the idea the King of France had of the duty of the late Parliament, and of the extent of their jurisdiction, and likewise sets exact bounds to the duty of the present Courts of Justice established in their room.

The SPEECH *of the Chancellor* MAUPEOUY *to the Presidents and other Judges of the new Courts, established in lieu of the late Court of Parliament.*

GENTLEMEN,

"His Majesty deposes in your hands the most noble and the most essential portion of his power. Judges of his people, he trusts you with the care of watching over the maintenance of public order, and of keeping his Subjects under the dominion of the laws, in order to secure to them that liberty which exists only with the laws, and only perishes with them. But this authority which he imparts to you would annihilate itself, if you should mistake the source of it, and justice would cease to be placed in your hands, if you were a moment to forget that it was the justice of the King, not your own.

"Seated upon the first tribunal of justice, you will always render to the King, who placed you there, the most pure and faithful homage, and to the people you will give an example of that submission you shall exact from them. You will not be, however, the blind and passive instruments of an absolute will: His Majesty would disdain a slavish obedience, and would remove from him Magistrates who wanted courage to tell him the truth. He will reign only by the laws, and he would disavow even the laws themselves, if they disappointed his views, and proved to be hurtful to his people.

"After having formed them in the secrecy of his wisdom, he will hearken to your Counsel: You will depose in his breast your uneasinesses and fears, the wishes and the wants of his Subjects. But more ambitious of doing good, than of appearing to desire it, you will never give your Remonstrances a public divulgation, which they ought never to receive.

If higher views, and the necessity of the Empire, do not permit his Majesty to yield to your supplications, you will remember that the duty of advertising the supreme authority, is not the right of opposing it; that if the Throne is not exempt from being surprized into a mistake, the purest zeal doth not guard you from error, and that * Parliaments have sometimes refused their suffrage to laws which have constituted the happiness of the People.

* *That is, the old Courts of justice.*

"In short, you will never forget that the functions of your office are a debt from which you cannot free yourselves, and you will know to stop at the point where firmness ends, and obedience begins. Reason and the laws place bounds to your resistance; but the goodness of the King places none to your Petitions. You will always have a free access to the Throne, whilst your actions are dictated by respect and submission, and his Majesty will remember, like Henry the Great, how to command like a Sovereign, and relent like a Father.

"These, Gentlemen, are to be your sentiments, your principles, and your duties; they must be engraven on your hearts, they always were in those of true Magistrates: Never have they been sullied, but the public felicity hath been impaired, and their perpetuity will be the pledge of the safety of the Throne, and of the prosperity of the State."

An attendant belonging to a very great Lady has been lately dismissed in disgrace; she is, however, to be allowed 50 *l. per annum for life.*

When the first report of L----'s infidelity was carried to the Q---n's palace, their M----ies were at cards with the D----s of A----r. The K---, who sincerely loves Lord L----r, was much affected with the news; on which her M----- observed, that it was no wonder such things happened, when the greatest encouragement was given to places, which were only calculated to increase female licentiousness (alluding to a certain place of polite entertainment.) Her M------ then returned to the D-----s of A----r, and said, "and there is the Coterie too, another pretty place." The D----s then attempted to defend the last mentioned society, but was stopt short by her M-----, who said, "it is a very silly institution (to say the best of it) my Lady D----s, and I desire to hear no more of it."

The reason of expelling a certain celebrated Parson from Bignell's Club, is particularly specified in the club-book in the following manner: "Because, we think, the man who could coolly deliver these sentimints under his own hand,---*It is true, I have suffered the infectious hand of a Bishop to be waved over me, whose imposition, like the sop given to Judas, is only a signal for the Devil to enter, but I have escaped the contagion,*----is every way unworthy the society of those who profess the doctrines of Christianity."

A letter from Ternate, one of the Dutch Spice Islands in Asia, dated August 23, 1770, *mentions, that since the middle of July preceding, that Island has fallen into a most deplorable state, by the ravages occasioned by a Volcano, which was succeeded by an almost perpetual earthquake, the shocks of which followed each other so quick, that in* 24 *hours* 60 *considerable shocks were felt, whereby not one house belonging to the Dutch Factory or the inhabitants escaped great damage, and even the church. All the inhabitants without exception are obliged to quit their houses, and lodge under cabbins or tents. The Governor is gone aboard the ship Nord Nieuland, which was detained here on purpose. The last explosion of the Volcano, which was a few days before the above date, is inexpressible, on account of the quantity of Cinders, burning stone, and inflammatory matter thrown out. Since that time the shocks of the earth are diminished to* 4 *or* 5 *in a day.*

The reports concerning the state of the garrisons at Gibraltar, and in Minorca, having been made in terms by no means to be reconciled, it has been thought adviseable to send a Great Personage, who having applied himself with uncommon assiduity to study the Military Sciences, is esteemed the ablest General in Great-Britain.

June 7. The beginning of last month there arrived at Madrid no fewer that ten expresses from Versailles in one day.

An express is arrived from the Princess of Brunswick, to signify that her Royal Highness will not be able to visit England this summer, as she is far advanced in her pregnancy.

June 8. *The Sheriffs, accompanied by the City Rembrancer, attended his Majesty on Thursday, to know his pleasure when he would receive the City address on the delivery of the Queen, and the birth of a prince, and were ordered to attend again yesterday; they accordingly went, when his Majesty was pleased to appoint Wednesday next at two o' clock to receive the same.*

The following conversation passed a few evenings ago at a great house in the Park: Their M-------s were at piquet, and the P. of W. and the B. of O. in the room. His M------happened to have three kings in his hand, which he was going to reckon, when the Q---declared she had four knaves, which won the game. The P. of W. (notwithstanding the game) said, he thought it was very hard that four knaves should beat three kings; the B. made answer, that it was no wonder, as knaves had so much power. The P. of W. said, if that was the case, he would not play at piquet, but would learn a much prettier game, which was, to beat knaves out of doors.

Though we have lately suffered the French Ambassador and his attendants to visit our Dock-yards, a correspondent observes, that in March 1770, when an English East-Indiaman, having lost her masts off Ushant, steered into the road of Brest to refit, the Intendant of the Marine sent a message, charging the crew not to come on shore; the officers indeed were permitted, but so cautious were the French, that they conducted them by the back wall of the fortress of Leuvernois, a town about twelve miles off, where they continued for five weeks under the strictest inspection; in the mean time the ship was supplied, and being fit for sea, the officers were brought to town, to a coffee-house near the Esplanade, where the Swiss regiment was exercised for their entertainment; after which they were conducted on board their ship, but not till it was dark, and a fair wind springing up, they set sail the next morning.

A whimſical faſhion is juſt ſtarted among the Military Gentlemen, of wearing red ſtocks; ſeveral young Officers appeared on Wedneſday night at Ranelagh, with theſe *ſanguinary* bandages round their necks, but incurred, in general, rather the ridicule than the approbation of the company.

A whimſical Gentleman, in the neighbourhood of Soho, hath cauſed the following label to be put over his door: --- *To Houſe-breakers. No plate nor money kept within this houſe.*

The letter from the Budziack and Ediſſan Tartars to the Empreſs of Ruſſia, lately preſented by the deputies, among other matters, ſays as follows: "OUR fathers and anceſtors, who were never in ſubjection to any foreign power, paſſed their days in tranquility, and at all times followed their own uſages and cuſtoms; but, for ſome years paſt, the Ottoman Porte having, by various ſtratagems and menaces, forced our people to ſubmit to the yoke, we at length loſt our original freedom. At this period, when the Turks, ſetting no bounds to their ferocity and avarice, undertook an unjuſt war againſt their neighbours, we, by orders received from the Porte, were conſtrained to act hoſtilely with them, by which means we were, much againſt our wills, obliged to ſhed a deluge of innocent blood, beſides committing all the horrors naturally attendant on war: But our tyrants meeting with a repulſe, we have happily been enabled to throw off the yoke, and beg leave to throw ourſelves under the protection of your Imperial Majeſty." Her Imperial Majeſty received the deputies graciouſly, ordered her Miniſters to confer with, and confirm to them their requeſt, and to aſſure them of her favour.

CHARLES-TOWN (*South-Carolina*) July 22.

The Spaniards of Hiſpaniola complain of the French encroaching on their Territory; very lately they entered a Plantation, cut down the Coffee-Trees, ranſacked the Dwelling-Houſe, and maltreated the Owner. On which the French Governor ſent an Officer, with two Companies of Grenadiers, and the Marecheuſſee, who not only diſpoſſeſſed the Spaniards, but carried fifty of them to Cape Francois, where they were ſent to the common Goal.

WILLIAMSBURG, July 18.

Extract from the Journal of the Honourable HOUSE *of* BURGESSES.

FRIDAY, July 12.

Reſolved, Nemine Contradicente, That the Thanks of this Houſe be given to the Rev. Mr. HENLEY, the Rev. Mr. GWATKIN, the Rev. Mr. HEWITT, and the Rev. Mr. BLAND, for the wiſe and well timed Oppoſition they have made to the pernicious Project of a few miſtaken Clergymen, for introducing an American BISHOP; a Meaſure by which much Diſturbance, great Anxiety, and Apprehenſion, would certainly take Place among his Majeſty's faithful American Subjects; and that Mr. Richard Henry Lee, and Mr. Bland, do acquaint them therewith.

BOSTON, *July* 29.

On Thurſday laſt came on at the Inferior Court held here, the Trial of the Cauſe between the Hon. James Otis, Eſq; of this Town, and the Hon. John Robinſon, Eſq; one of the Board of Commiſſioners, for aſſaulting, and, with the aſſiſtance of others, dangerouſly wounding ſaid Otis (as mentioned ſome time ſince) for which the Jury, after a fair Hearing, gave in their Verdict £2000 Sterling Damages, and Coſt of Court.------Mr. Otis laid his Action at £ 3000, and has appealed from the Judgment.

We learn from Quebec, that ſeveral Attempts have lately been made by ſome evil-minded Perſons to ſet Fire to that City, particularly in the Night between the 6th and 7th of June laſt in the Lower-Town, and on the Night following in the Upper-Town, which had well nigh ſucceeded: A Reward of 300 Dollars is offered for the Diſcovery and Conviction of the Offenders.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 5.

Laſt Saturday the Brig Lord Hyde, Capt. Shoemaker, arrived here after a Paſſage of 32 Days from Madeira; who informs us, that Rear Admiral Rodney, with 4 Ships under his Command, arrived at Madeira the 23d of June; and on the 27th ſailed from thence for his Station at Jamaica.

Friday laſt in the Afternoon we had a great Quantity of Rain, attended with much heavy Thunder and Lightning; one Flaſh of the Lightning ſtruck the Barn of Mr. Rem Hageman, of Flatbuſh, on Long-Iſland, and burnt the ſame to the Ground, with all his Grain, &c. the laſt of which he had got in that very Afternoon.

And Saturday Afternoon we had another Guſt, attended with ſharp Lightning, which ſtruck and burnt the Barn of Mr. Van Noeſtrandt, about 3 Miles from Brooklyn-Ferry, and the Barn of Mr. Merſhull, near the ſame Place; a Ship on the Stocks at our Ship-Yards, received ſome Damage, and alſo a ſmall Oyſter-Craft on the River; but we hear of no Lives being loſt.

We have Advice from Stratfield, in Connecticut, that on Sunday, the 28th of July, in Time of divine Service, the Steeple of the Meeting-Houſe in that Place, was ſtruck and much ſhattered with Lightning, which at the ſame Time gave a great Shock to moſt of the Congregation, and ſtruck many of them down; but they all recovered except John Burr, Eſq; and Mr. David Sherman, who were inſtantaneouſly killed.

The ſame Day, and about the ſame Time, at the Meeting-houſe at North-Haven, 4 Horſes were ſtruck dead with a Flaſh of Lightning, which alſo ſtruck down 3 Men, 2 Women, and a Child, but they all happily recovered.

PHILADELPHIA, Auguſt 8.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

A GENTLEMAN of Diſtinction from a Southern Colony, happened to dine in a large Company a few Days ago, and hearing ſome Perſons complain of the intenſe Heat of the Sun, aſked why the Gentlemen in this City did not fall upon Methods of rendering it more tolerable, and in particular why they did not uſe UMBRELLOES to ſhade themſelves. One of the Company expreſſed his Surprize at this Speech, and ſaid, that for his Part he *thought them very ridiculous---that a good large Hat would anſwer equally well----and that they looked very effeminate.* To this the Gentleman very pertinently replied, "All our Notions of Propriety and Impropriety are formed by Cuſtom. Should an Eaſt-Indian appear in our Streets, we ſhould gaze with a Mixture of Surprize and Ridicule at his Turban and flowing Robes, while at the ſame Time we can hardly believe that an Engliſhman would be much more ridiculous in any Part of India in the modern European Dreſs. In like Manner, ſhould our Anceſtors riſe from their Graves, few of us would know them, or if we did (provided our blind Partiality for the modern Dreſs continued) few of us would own that we were deſcended from them. As to the *Umbrellaes* you exclaim againſt, however ridiculous they may appear to you, Sir, or to any Gentleman in Company, they are looked upon as a graceful Part of Dreſs in many Countries, and are often carried upon this Account in thoſe Seaſons of the Year when they are in ſome Meaſure unneceſſary. In India, and in moſt Parts of Aſia, a Man would as ſoon go out of his Houſe without a Shirt as without an Umbrello. In Italy, France and Spain, they are in every Body's Hands. In the Weſt-India Iſlands, and in moſt of the Southern Colonies, they are ſo common, that none who can afford them, ever go out without them. But (continued the Gentleman) I am far from recommending them as Appendages to Dreſs, or becauſe they are ornamental. Their great Uſefulneſs alone would over-ballance all that could be ſaid againſt their Propriety, even ſuppoſing we had loſt that Part of the Argument. They are wide and light---and afford a large Shelter from the Sun. They likewiſe afford a Shelter from thoſe Summer Showers which are ſo frequent in theſe Climates, and are much to be preferred to Great Coats and Rockeloes, which do us more Harm by the Heat they occaſion than the Rain would have done. Their Colour moreover (being generally green) is very friendly to the Eyes. Phyſicians tell us, that a long Train of Diſeaſes follow from what they call *Inſolation*, or long Expoſure to the Heat of the Sun---ſuch as Vertigoes----Epilepſy----Sore-eyes----Fevars, &c.-----Theſe are all obviated by the Uſe of the Umbrello. But you ſay, Sir, that Hats will anſwer all theſe Purpoſes. No ſuch Thing. Cuſtom and Frugality have conſpired to dye theſe black---the worſt Colour in the World in hot Weather. Beſides they are heavy---and too ſmall (let their Brims be ever ſo broad) to afford a complete Shelter from the Rays of the Sun. You ſay further, *that they look effeminate*,---The Ladies uſe them only. The Ladies wear Shoes---let the Men therefore go barefooted.---The Ladies defend themſelves by various Means from Cold---Rain---Thunder---Fire, &c.---let the Men then abandon themſelves to the Rage of each of theſe terrible Evils, and ſcorn to look effeminate by guarding againſt them. Abſurd Reaſoning! Are not the Men expoſed more to the Sun than the Women? Does not their Buſineſs call them from home at all Hours of the Day?---Are not their Lives of equal---I ſhall not ſay of greater Importance to their Families, and to Society, with the Womens?---If all theſe Things are true, then I ſee no Reaſon why the Gentlemen ſhould not wear Umbrelloes as well as the Ladies." The Gentleman ſilenced his Opponent with this Speech.---The whole Company aſſented to what he ſaid.---Our kind Hoſt, with as much Wit as good Humour, cried out, "well ſaid Mr. ----------, my Wine is good---fill your Glaſſes---*my Friend is inſpired---and Claret has this Day done the Buſineſs.*"

Auguſt 5, 1771.

The Report of a Party of Men being cut off, who were diſpatched from Northampton County with Proviſions for our People in the Blockhouſe at Wyoming, who are beſieged by the Connecticut Party, appears, by the following Extract of a Letter (which came to Town laſt Tueſday Morning by Expreſs) from the Perſon who commanded the Convoy, to be entirely without Foundation.

"Laſt Tueſday, about Break of Day, I arrived at this Place, "with 31 Men, and the Proviſions; and was attacked by the "Connecticut Party, who had Information of our coming, by a "Letter falling into their Hands, with which an Indian was "ſent by Captain Ogden. We were ſurrounded by their Fire, "and loſt two Horſe Loads of our Flour, and got in with the "Remainder, and 22 Men, two of whom are wounded. Nine "of our Men are miſſing; whether they retreated, or are killed, "I cannot as yet get Information. They have kept an almoſt "continual Fire on the Blockhouſe ever ſince, from four Intrenchments, but we are determined to hold out to the laſt Extremity. "I am, Sir, *Your humble Servant*,

Wyoming, Auguſt 1, 1771. JOHN DICK."

We hear, with Certainty, that the nine Men who were miſſing, retreated, and are returned to the Inhabitants.

Captain Adamſon, from Cadiz, on the 24th of July, in Lat. 35: 10, Long. 71: 30, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Rogers, from Antigua for Boſton, 9 Days out; and on the 29th, in Lat. 37, Long. 72: 31, he ſpoke the Ship Polly, Captain Cooper, belonging to New-London, bound from South-Carolina for Cowes, five Days out, all well.

The Ship NEWRY PACKET, CHARLES ROBESON Maſter, bound for Dublin, ſails on Saturday Morning.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Cheevers and Church, at Liſbon; and Captain Poſglove, at Madeira.

Friday laſt a labouring Man of this City, having taken a Draught of cold Water, was ſo overcome, that he preſently after dropt down, and it was thought would have died, had not a Perſon preſent forced a Quantity of Rum down his Throat, by which Means he ſoon recovered.

Laſt Monday a Woman, with a young Child, going to her Huſband, who was at Work about two Miles from this City, ſtopt at a Houſe, took a Draught of Water, and immediately complained of being very unwell, when ſhe was perſwaded to walk along, in Hopes of getting better, but had not gone far, before ſhe fell down dead upon her Child; which, in all Probability, would ſoon have been ſuffocated, had it not been for two Men that luckily came by, and removed the Body; the Child was very much hurt by the Fall.

And on Tueſday Night a young hearty Negroe Man, being warm at Work on board a Bermudian Sloop, is ſuppoſed to have drinked a Draught of cold Water, which occaſioned his Death in a few Minutes, notwithſtanding all that could be done to prevent it.

☞ *The Piece addreſſed to the* PUBLIC, *relating to the* Regulators *in North-Carolina, came to hand too late for this Week's Paper.*

*** READY MONEY for any Quantity of BROWN PAPER, is given by DAVID HALL, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship King of Portugal, R. Bulkeley, from Bilboa. Brig Nancy, W. Adamſon, and Snow Ceres, N. Bodkin, Cadiz. Brig George, J. Wilſon, and Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Liſbon. Sloop Lark, N. Bonamy, N. Providence. Brig Mary, N. Leacroft, Turks Iſland.

OUTWARDS. *Ship Philadelphia, J. Malcom, for Cork. Schooner Two Brothers, R. Baker, St. Chriſtophers. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, C. Bedlow, St. Croix.*

CLEARED. *Schooner Orange, R. Caldwell, to Virginia. Schooner Two Brothers, S. Hicks, and Schooner Polly, R. Collins, North-Carolina. Sloop Molly, W. Waſdale, and Brig George, J. Martin, Jamaica. Brig Burke, W. Timmons, Surrinam.*

Land-Office, Philadelphia, Auguſt 6, 1771.

THOSE Perſons who were to attend for Hearings at the LAND-OFFICE, on the laſt Monday in this Month, need not appear, as no Buſineſs of that Kind will be done till the Arrival of the Governor. JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary.

THE LIBRARY COMPANY of PHILADELPHIA, at the requeſt of ſeveral of the MEMBERS, are deſired to meet, on Saturday, the 7th day of September next, in the State-Houſe, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to conſider of the expediency of purchaſing a lot whereon to build a Library, and of paſſing a law empowering the Directors to execute the ſame.

And as the number at their late meeting was inſufficient to do buſineſs, it is hoped the members in general will be punctual in attending, as thereby the ſenſe of the company may be more certainly known in regard to the meaſure propoſed; and a diſappointment by means of there not being one fourth of the members met (as required by law) prevented.

By Order of the Directors,

Auguſt 8, 1771. WILLIAM ATTMORE, Secretary.

WAS found, on Friday, the 2d of this inſtant Auguſt, on Nottingham road, between Newark and the Rock Meeting-houſe, a SILVER WATCH; likewiſe a FUR HAT. The owner coming, proving his property, and paying charges, may have them again, by applying to JAMES PARKER, *living in Milford townſhip, Cæcil county, Maryland.* ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away the 6th Day of this inſtant Auguſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named RICHARD HEASLIP, *about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, marked with the ſmall-pox, a thick ſet fellow, with light coloured curled hair; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, with white loops, a light coloured cloth jacket, with wooden buttons, an under double breaſted red and yellow coloured linſey jacket, with wooden buttons, tow ſhirt and trowſers, about half worn, an old pair of ſhoes, with ſtrings in them. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to me, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, giving notice thereof, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* ABRAHAM TAYLOR.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Baltimore county, 12 miles from Baltimore-Town, an Engliſh ſervant man, named WILLIAM LANGLEY, *about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, pale complexion, down look, ſhort black hair; had on, or took with him, a new felt hat, grey fearnought jacket, two new oſenbrigs ſhirts, and trowſers of the ſame, blue ribbed yarn ſtockings, half worn pumps, ſmall ſquare ſteel buckles. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo as the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings, if taken in the county; if 50 miles from home, Three Pounds; if 100 miles, Four Pounds; and if out of the province, the above reward, with reaſonable charges, paid by*

May 1, 1771. ABRAHAM PATTON. 7/6.

WHEREAS an Error was made in the Quantity of Goſhen Shragen's Land, advertiſed for Sale on the 10th Inſtant, it being 153 Acres, and 30 Perches, be the ſame more or leſs; Notice is hereby given, that the ſame will be expoſed to public Sale on Monday, the 26th of Auguſt inſtant, at the Hour and Place mentioned in the Advertiſement.

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

ALEXANDER TOD

HAS moved his STORE to Water-ſtreet, two Doors below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where he has for Sale, Eaſt India and European Goods; Bohea Tea by the Cheſt; a large Aſſortment of Double Flint Glaſs Ware, &c. &c. &c. 6 W.

THOSE Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of JOHN BAILY, are deſired to call on *Charles Meredith* for a Dividend now made thereon by the Aſſignees.

NEAVE, HARMAN and LEWIS,

HAVE for Sale, at their Store, the Corner of Second and Spruce Streets, Fine and ſuperfine Broadcloths, Rattinets and Shaloons, Calimancoes, Durants, Tammies, Damaſks, Camblets, Poplins, Calicoes, Iriſh Linens, Iriſh and Ruſſia Sheetings, Ravens Duck, Garlix, Checks and Stripes, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, ſewing Silk, beſt Scarff Twiſt, broad and narrow Quality Bindings, Buttons, Thread, Pins, Needles, Gartering, Nonſopretties, Inkpowder, Ben-ſoals, Cutlery and Sadlery, Nails, and ſundry other European and Eaſt-India Goods, imported in the laſt Veſſels. They have likewiſe Madeira and Teneriffe Wines, Sugar, Melaſſes, Coffee, Jamaica Spirit, Ginger and Piemento.

N. B. Thoſe who are ſtill indebted to NEAVE and HARMAN, are deſired to take Notice, that if their Accounts are not very ſhortly diſcharged, they will abſolutely be put into the Hands of an Attorney. 6 W.

ALL Perſons who are indebted to the Eſtate of THOMAS ROBINSON, late of the City of *Philadelphia*, Gentleman, deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame immediately: And all thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts proved, and they ſhall be paid by

¶ WILLIAM PARR, One of the Executors.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, living near Newport, in New-Caſtle County, in the Night of the Third of this inſtant Auguſt, A BLACK HORSE, 13 Hands 3 Inches high, paces and trots, ſomewhat dull when rid, 6 Years old, but might be thought to be more by his Mouth, and has a Feather on his Neck. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Horſe and Thief, ſo that the Owner may have his horſe again, and the Thief brought to Juſtice, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward; and for the Horſe alone, if taken in the County, THREE DOLLARS, but if out of the County, FIVE DOLLARS, and reaſonable Charges, if brought to me, or to Mrs Alexander Miller, Tavern-keeper in Newport, New-Caſtle County.

¶ JACOB PAULSON.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 3d inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Pittſgrove, Salem County, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named Robert Smith, about 18 years of age, a ſhort well-ſet lad, has long black hair, tied behind, has a mark on the left ſide of his head, about two inches long, and half an inch wide, without any hair, occaſioned by a ſcald when he was a child; he has blue eyes, a very thick upper lip, and is an impudent looking fellow; had on when he went away, a tow ſhirt much patched, a half worn felt hat, a pair of tow trowſers with ſtriped waiſtbands, has two pair of breeches, one pair black knit worſted, the other brown cloth, two ſtriped under jackets, a pair of thread ſtockings, and calf-ſkin pumps, with carved buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

¶ SAMUEL GARRISON.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed he is gone away with another man's wife, one Eleanor Butler, an Iriſh woman, about 35 years of age, ſmall, pock-marked, and ſpeaks with the brogue, is fond of ſtrong liquor; and it is thought they will paſs for man and wife.

TO BE SOLD,

A COMMODIOUS, well built three ſtory brick houſe, ſituate on the weſt-ſide of Second-ſtreet, next to the corner of Vine-ſtreet, containing in front 18 feet 9 inches, including one half of an alley, and in depth of the building 36 feet, with a kitchen 17 feet and a half by 12 feet, two ſtories high; the whole well finiſhed. The depth of the lot is 90 feet, continued the breadth of 18 feet 9 inches, from Second-ſtreet to a public cart-way alley; fronting which is erected on ſaid lot a two ſtory frame tenement, 15 feet front by 24 deep, which is now let for *Thirteen Pounds per Annum. Four Hundred Pounds* inſured on the ſaid houſe and kitchen for three years to come; the whole lot ſubject to a groundrent of *Nine Spaniſh Piſtoles per Annum*; late the eſtate of Thomas Middleton deceaſed. For further particulars, enquire of CALEB ATTMORE, Executor, who likewiſe requeſts all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate to bring in their accounts, and ſuch who are indebted thereto, to make ſpeedy payment.

July 30, 1771.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living in Oxford Townſhip, Philadelphia County, near the Wheat Sheaff, a BLACK HORSE, about 9 Years old, and about 14 Hands high, ſhod before, has a long Mane and Foretop, and branded on the near Buttock O. Whoever takes up and returns ſaid Horſe, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward, and *Thirty Shillings* more for ſecuring the Thief in any Goal in this Province, paid by JOHN WASSELL.

N. B. Came to ſaid Waſſell's on the Eighth of June, a red ſtray Cow, with a white Face, and ſome white on her Back. The Owner is deſired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. †

Pitt's Grove, in Salem County.

WHEREAS ELEANOR, my Wife, hath eloped from her ſaid Huſband, without any juſt Cauſe of mine; Theſe are to forewarn all Perſons from truſting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof. Witneſs my Hand this Sixth Day of Auguſt, 1771. JOHN BUTLER. ¶

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on Thurſday, the 11th of July, a remarkably black Negroe Wench, named JENNY, has large full Eyes, about 22 Years of Age, five Feet three or four Inches high; had on when ſhe went away, a black quilted Petticoat, a black Jacket, a white Linen Apron, and Cap. It is ſuppoſed ſhe will go towards New-York, where ſhe has Relations. She has been ſeen with a forged Paſs, and will endeavour to make people believe ſhe is free. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and delivers her to the Workhouſe-keeper of Philadelphia, ſhall, if taken out of the Province, receive the above reward, but if in the Province, Four Dollars, and reaſonable charges, from GEORGE NOARTH.

N. B. All Perſons are forbid to harbour her, or carry her off at their Peril. †

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the Night of the Third of this inſtant Auguſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Darby Townſhip, Cheſter County, an Iriſh Servant Lad, named DANIEL LAUHLER, *19 or 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 inches high, is thick ſet, has very thick Legs, lightiſh brown Hair, and thin light ſandy Beard, pretty talkative, and a ſimple looking ignorant Fellow: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, bound round the Brim, a ſtriped Linſey Waiſtcoat, without Sleeves, the Stripes very broad, and runs round the Body, a coarſe flaxen Shirt, and Tow Trowſers, with Shoe Packs on his Feet. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by*

† ABRAHAM MUSGRAVE.

To be SOLD, at a moderate Price,

A GOOD convenient plantation, containing 300 acres, or thereabouts, a high, wholesome and pleasant situation, a comfortable dwelling-house, a barn and other buildings, about 30 acres of bank meadow, and more may be made, 30 or 35 acres of timber swamp meadow, the upland kind for grain, an apple and peach orchard, cherry, and other growing fruit trees, the improved land within good fence, the woodland as well wooded as most, adjoining a navigable water, as it is bounded part by Mantua-creek, lying in the township of Deptford, in Gloucester county, and Western Division of the province of New-Jersey, near Mantua-creek Bridge, and the great road leading from Cohansey and Salem to Philadelphia, 13 miles from thence to Cooper's Ferry.

Also to be sold, 50 acres of cedar swamp, well timbered, and the most convenient to get posts and rails for fencing the farms on each side the Delaware river of any I know of, it is situate in the township of Woolwich, in the county and province aforesaid, near opposite Chester, adjoining lands of Lynford Lardner and Samuel Tonkins, within a mile of two good landings, one by Raccoon-creek, near the mouth, and one on the river shore; the said swamp to be sold the whole together or in lots, as may best suit the purchaser or purchasers thereof.

Any person inclining to purchase the plantation, or cedar swamp, may view the premises, and be informed of the conditions of sale, by applying to the subscriber, living on the aforesaid plantation. JAMES HINCHMAN. ‖

York County, July 16, 1771.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of Land and Plantation, situate in Warrington Township, in the County aforesaid, on both Sides the great Road leading from York to Carlisle, about Half way between the said Towns, containing 263 Acres, and the usual Allowance for Roads; where a well frequented Tavern now is, and has been kept many Years, 223 Acres, Part thereof, is patented, 40 Acres, Residue thereof, surveyed by Virtue of an Order from the Land-Office. There are on the Premises a convenient Dwelling-house, five Rooms in the lower Story; and four in the second Story; Part of the House is built with Stone, and Part with squared Logs; a Log Stove Room and Kitchen contiguous to the Dwelling-house; a very large Barn and Stables, a good paled Garden, a Spring of Water convenient to the House, about 90 Acres of Plough-land cleared, and 30 Acres of good Timothy Meadow, all inclosed with good Fences, an Orchard and a Spring-house; and another convenient Tenement, Barn, Orchard and Spring, about a Quarter of a Mile from the Tavern; about 20 Acres more Meadow Ground may be made.

A Tract of Land and Plantation, adjoining the above described Tract, containing 268 Acres, and the usual Allowance for Roads; 190 Acres, part thereof, is patented Land, 78 Acres, Residue thereof, surveyed by Virtue of a warrant from the Land-Office. There are on the Premises two Dwelling-houses of Logs, two Springs of Water convenient to the Houses, Stables, and a Spring-house; a Stream of Water, where a Mill may be built, about 90 Acres of Plough-land cleared, and near 20 Acres of good Timothy Meadow, all inclosed with good Fences, about 20 Acres more good Meadow Ground, Abundance of good Poplar, and other Timber; both Tracts are well situated for Range for Stock, and will be sold together, or apart, as will best suit the Purchaser. Also sundry other Tracts of Land in York County under Warrants and Surveys. For further Particulars, apply to JOSEPH CHAMBERS, or HENRY WOLF, in York Town, or the Subscriber, on the Premises.

ROBERT STEVENSON. ¶ 7/6

WAS LOST,

ON Wednesday, the 31st of July last, some where about the Drawbridge, Philadelphia, an old leather POCKET-BOOK, with brass clasps, had in it three gold rings, and sundry papers of value. Whoever has found the same, and will return it, with the rings and papers, to the subscriber, living in Front-street, above Pool's Bridge, shall have Four Dollars reward, or Fifteen Shillings for the book and papers only, and no questions asked, by me WILLIAM WOODROW.

Said *Woodrow* has a small Ship's Anchor, of about 8 or 900 weight, to dispose of. §

Providence, Eighth-month 3, 1771.

ON the 31st day of this instant August, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, by public vendue, THREE several pieces or parcels of LAND; the first situate in the township of Nether Providence, in Chester county, adjoining to, and lying on, the east side of Providence road, about two miles from Chester-Town, and within half a mile of a landing on Ridley-creek, containing about 97 acres of very good land, about one half thereof cleared, which is as good for wheat or any other grain as any in the neighbourhood, the other half excellent good woodland, well timbered. The second piece, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Chester, on the south side of Ridley-creek, and on the west side of the great road leading to Chester, said to contain about four acres and a half, be the same more or less, being all woodland, and well timbered. The third, being a good piece of meadow ground, situate in the township of Ridley, about 2 miles distant from the first described tract, near the mouth of Crum-creek, containing in the whole upwards of 8 acres and a half, about 5 acres whereof are good drained marsh meadow, in tolerable good order, producing a large quantity of good grass; also upwards of two acres of upland, adjoining the upper end of the said marsh, which by mud with small cost may be made excellent clover meadow, and likewise about one acre and a half of cripple and muds or flats, lying between the bank and the river Delaware: The title indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase, and to view the premises before the day of sale, may, by applying to Reuben Roberts, living near the same, see the plan of the whole, and be informed in every particular relating thereto; being part of the real estate of John Sharpless, late of Nether Providence, deceased; taken at the valuation, by the subscriber, and to be sold for the use of the heirs; where due attendance, and reasonable credit, will be given by REUBEN ROBERTS.

N. B. The sale to begin at 10 o' clock forenoon. ¶ 7/6.

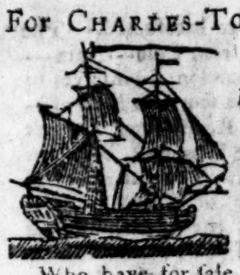
FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on the 24th of July last, from the subscriber, living in Lebanon township, Lancaster county, an Irish servant man, named Patrick Donehey, *about 20 years of age, black hair, 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, thin visage, knock kneed, and has lost one of the toes of his right foot; had on, when he went away, a homespun shirt and trowsers, and old wool hat; his shirt is marked on the breast, with the letters A. O. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me* ADAM ORTH. §

To be SOLD, or RENTED,

A SMALL plantation, situate in Radnor township, Chester county, on the road leading from Darby into Lancaster road, near the sign of the Rose and Crown tavern, containing about 35 acres of good land, part whereof cleared, the rest well timbered, and about 3 acres of good watered meadow, and more may be made, a never-failing spring near the door, with two dwelling houses erected thereon, a good barn and other out-houses, and a good bearing orchard, of the best of fruit; also a pot-house and kiln-house, and all other necessaries for carrying on the potter's business, in all its branches. Any person inclining to purchase or rent the same, may apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. GRIFFITH EVANS. ¶

For CHARLES-TOWN, SOUTH-CAROLINA,



The BRIGANTINE
PRINCE of WALES,
WILLIAM MOORE, MASTER;
Will sail with all convenient speed, having great part of her cargoe ready to go on board, and extraordinary accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to MASON and HARTLEY, or said Master on board, near Arch-street wharff.

Who have for sale, at their store in Water-street, near Arch-street, choice RICE, also an assortment of European and East-India GOODS, on the most reasonable terms. ¶

SEVEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 21st of July last, from the subscriber, living in Baltimore-Town, Maryland, a servant man, named SAMUEL DEALE, *about 24 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, slender made, pale complexion, down look, pretends to be a Doctor, and a great Horse-farrier, and will pretend to any thing; is handy in a kitchen, and is a low artful insinuating fellow, much addicted to lying; he can write, and probably will forge a pass; he took with him a blue lapelled surtout coat, white flannel waistcoat, two new linen shirts, and two pair of ozenbrigs trowsers; his hair is cut off. He ran away last December, and passed some time by the name of William Johnson; it is likely he will change his name.*

Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so as his master may get him again, shall have Four Pounds reward, and the above reward if brought home (including what the law allows) paid by MARK ALEXANDER. ‖ 8 *W.*

Cranbury, New-Jersey, August 2, 1771.

STRAYED or STOLEN (but supposed stolen) from the pasture of the subscriber, in the night of the 30th ultimo, a sorrel HORSE, near 14 hands high, a natural pacer, but can trot; without shoes, his hoofs lately trimmed, 4 years old, no plain mark except one white hind foot. Whoever secures the thief, with the horse, if stolen, shall have Three Pounds reward, or Thirty Shillings for the horse only, with reasonable charges, paid by AMOS DEY.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, at James Latimer's, Esq; at Newport, New-Castle county, a NEGROE man, named CATO, speaks bad English, about 21 or 22 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well built, and a good deal wrinkled in the forehead, with several scars on his cheeks, which are his country marks; had on, when he went away, a check shirt, and a pair of white ozenbrigs trowsers. Whoever apprehends said Negroe, and will bring him to me at Newport, or secure him in any of his Majesty's goals, giving notice thereof, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ RICHARD LATIMER.

N. B. He made his escape the 23d day of July last, and has been seen since his elopement, with a case-knife in his hand, at Newark, and at Mr. Alexander Steel's tavern, at the head of Christine.

Leacock township, Lancaster county, August 1, 1771.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM M'CASLAND, of said township, deceased, by bond, bill, note, book account or otherwise, are hereby desired to attend at the dwelling-house of the subscriber Thomas M'Casland, and settle and pay, within three months from the date hereof, to prevent further trouble, and oblige us, THOMAS M'CASLAND, JAMES CRAWFORD, Administrators. §

THIRTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

LAST night Darby school-house, in Chester county, in Pennsylvania, was broke open, and sundry small articles, and some books, stolen out of the same, viz. a pair of brass dividers, a penknife, a cast steel razor, a Turkey razor strap, a middle sized bone, two bibles, one of them almost new, printed in Edinburgh, 2 testaments, 3 Dilworth's spelling-books, Æsop's fables, Hill's and Wingate's arithmetic, Moody's compendium on surveying, Wilson's surveying improved. Whoever will apprehend said thief and goods, so that the owners of said goods may have them again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward; but if the goods only are secured, Twenty Shillings *reward, to be paid by* JOSEPH OGDEN, *at the Cross Keys, in Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, or* HENRY HAYES, *in Darby.* July 27, 1771. §

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 254 acres, pleasantly situated in a fork, between two of the branches of Bush-River, the tide flowing by two quarters of said land, where boats, flats, &c. may carry off the produce with ease, and conveniency to the distance of about a mile, where large sloops do load; said land is about half cleared, good timber on the remainder, a considerable quantity of marsh, and other meadow may be made, fish and fowl plenty to be taken in their season, a large and commodious brick dwelling-house and kitchen, with other office-houses, a good garden, orchard, &c. an excellent spring of water arising within 100 paces of the house; said place is within half a mile of both church and mill, 3 miles from Bush-Town, and on the great road from thence to the Lower Ferry, on Susquehanna. The above conveniencies, among many others, with the agreeable situation, renders said place a commodious dwelling, for a man inclining to sport, labour, or both. The title is indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. DANIEL MAGEE. §

I FIND by an advertisement circulated in Philadelphia, and signed *John Barnhill*, and *John Mercerow*, that my stage is set up to oppose them, and that I shall drop it in winter.---- I therefore beg leave to represent to the public, that I intend to continue my stage once a week from New-York to Philadelphia, and back again to New-York, both winter and summer, the days I first advertised I shall continue, and cannot interfere with *Barnhill* and *Mercerow*'s stages, as I set off from Powles-Hook, on the Tuesday, the morning after them, and go by Newark and Elizabeth-Town, through Woodbridge, Brunswick, Prince-Town, Trenton and Bristol, and back again from Philadelphia, on the Friday morning, the same road; it is the greatest folly imaginable to attempt an imposition on the public, by the first mentioned false represented intention, and pretended opposition: This the public may depend upon, that, by GOD's permission, I will drive my stage both ways through, and will make it my study to deserve the encouragement of the public; whom I beg leave to thank for the favours I have already received. *August 2, 1771.* ABRAHAM SKILLMAN. ‖

PHILADELPHIA, ss. *July 29, 1771.*

ALL Persons indebted to JOSEPH STRETCH, Esq; deceased, the late Collector of Excise, are once more desired to be speedy in the Discharge of their respective Accounts, as are those likewise that are indebted to me, the Subscriber, that I may be the better enabled to settle with the Committee of Accounts. WILLIAM CRISPIN, Collector. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE,

At the London Coffee-House, on Friday, the Ninth of August, at seven o' clock in the evening,

A LOT of GROUND, containing in front 16 feet, and in depth 50 feet, with a good *three story brick house* thereon erected; situate on the west side of Front-street, a little below the Drawbridge, between the houses in which William Fishbourn and Jacob Fussel now live. *N. B.* The house is in good repair; a clear title, and no incumbrance. *July 22.*

THIS is to inform the public, that William Buchanan, of West-Nottingham township, Chester county, purchased a tract of land of Nicholas Handshaw, of the township aforesaid, which land was conveyed to him, by said Handshaw, by a deed of conveyance, bearing date the 3d day of February, 1736; and as one Davies, of Lancaster county, has advertised the land for sale, I do hereby forewarn all persons from purchasing said land, as the right and title is vested in the heirs of the said William Buchanan; as witness my hand, this 21st of July, 1771. ELIZABETH BUCHANAN, Executrix. ‖

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 9th of August instant, precisely at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, at the house of Rinear Vanderslice, in Providence township, all the said Vanderslice's household goods, husbandry utensils, and stock; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

N. B. The money to be paid immediately on buying the goods.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 10th of August, at twelve o' clock, and to be struck off precisely at three o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Schrack, in Providence township, a certain tenement, and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Perkioming and Skippack townships, containing 53 acres and 30 perches, be the same more or less; bounded by Perkioming Creek, and lands of Abraham Sahler, Anthony Vanderslice, and others; late the estate of Goshen Shragen; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Haverford, July 27, 1771.

Chester, ss. THE Retailers of spirituous Liquors, made exciseable by an Act of Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, are hereby requested to be punctual in paying their several Arrears of Duty thereon (in our own Bills of Credit, as the Money is to be immediately destroyed) next Court, at Chester, and make their Entries according to Law; for which Service I shall attend at the House of Davis Bevan, the first three Days of the Court. ¶ CHARLES HUMPHREYS, *Collector.*

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Monday, the 12th day of August next, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of *Henry Grubb*, late of the township of Middletown, in the county of Chester, yeoman, deceased,

ALL that messuage or tenement, and valuable plantation and tract of LAND, thereunto belonging, situate in Middletown aforesaid, containing about 250 acres, more or less, lying on Chester-Creek, and about seven miles distance from Chester and Marcus-Hook. The land is of excellent quality for grain, great part of it is very well timbered and watered, there is a good orchard on it, about 30 acres of meadow made, and to be made, and a good seat for a mill, or other water-works thereon. The title is good, and the payments will be made easy to the purchaser. Also, at the same time and place, will be exposed to public sale, horses, cows, hogs and sheep, household goods and furniture, and sundry farming utensils; all late the property of the said Henry Grubb, deceased; where due attendance will be given, and reasonable credit allowed, by

Chester, July 15, 1771. PETER GRUBB, *Executor.*

N. B. All those who have any demands against the said deceased, are desired to bring in their accounts, &c. that the same may be settled and adjusted, in order for payment, by the said executor, who will attend, for that purpose, at the house of *Valentine Weaver*, in Chester, on Friday, the 9th day of August next; and those who are indebted, are requested to make speedy payment. ¶4W.

For DUBLIN,

The SHIP
NEWRY PACKET,
CHARLES ROBESON,
MASTER;
IS expected to sail in three weeks. For passage agree with *Samuel Fisher*, *Joseph Donaldson*, or the Captain on board said ship, the upper side of Market-street wharff.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The Brig FRIENDSHIP,
JOSEPH BLEWER, *Master*;
BEING conveniently and purposely provided with genteel accommodations for passengers, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage, apply to said Master, at his house in Southwark, or on board, at Mr. Joseph Sims's wharff, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his store, on said wharff, who has for sale, just imported in said brig, a quantity of RICE, and dried JAMAICA HIDES. *July 30, 1771.* ¶

For BRISTOL,

The Ship CONCORD,
JOSEPH VOLANS, Master;
EXPECTED to sail in about three weeks, having a considerable part of her cargoe engaged. She is a good ship, well fitted, and has excellent accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to JAMES and DRINKER, or to said Master on board at their Wharff.

N. B. Some likely servants were imported in said ship, whose times are to be disposed of, one of them a good House-carpenter.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION in Gloucester county, West New-Jersey, lying on Salem road, about 15 miles from Gloucester town, and one from Swedesborough, containing about 130 acres, through which tract there is a never-failing stream of water, with a considerable quantity of swamp, which may be made good meadow; there is likewise on said plantation an orchard of extraordinary fruit trees, with a dwelling-house, 2 stories high, of square logs, and an extraordinary well of water close to the door. There are about 30 acres cleared; likewise 6 acres of good tide meadow, lying on Raccoon Creek, banked in. Time will be given for the payment. For terms, apply to ELIAS BOYS, living in Newport, New-Castle county, or THOMAS DENNY, Esq; near the premises.

N. B. Said plantation is well situate for any business, such as shopkeeping, or for any tradesman, as the main Salem road runs through it. *May 17, 1771.* ¶

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Frederick county, Maryland, an Irish servant man, named JOHN BRIAN, by trade a baker, near 30 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, short black hair, of a fair complexion, has a scar under his chin, and on his breast, that resembles the King's evil; had on, when he went away, a brown beaver coating surtout, a black velvet jacket, a castor hat, half worn thread stockings, a pair of pumps, with steel buckles. He speaks very good English, he having lived near ten years in London. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that he may be had again, shall receive Three Pounds reward, paid by the subscriber, or by David Cumming, innholder, in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county. ROBERT CUMMING.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to conceal or carry him off, at their peril. §

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

Lately imported, from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold, on the cheapeſt terms, by

DANIEL BENEZET,

At his ſtore, in Arch-ſtreet, four doors below the corner of Second-ſtreet,

THE beſt kind of German black melting pots, of different ſizes, for founders uſe; ſheet braſs, ſheet iron, for ſtove pipes, braſs kettles, ſorted, in neſts, rifle and other gun barrels, ſteel, in half faggots, marked A. C. No. 3, pig braſs, cotton and wool cards, iron and braſs wire, pewter diſhes, baſons and plates, F and FF gunpowder, lead and ſhot, ſilver watches, boxes of tin plates, gold flowered and marble paper, paſteboards, propatria and pott writing-paper, Hoſe's ſhoes, in ſmall trunks, ſaffron, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon; a great variety of mantuas, ſattins, and other ſilks; together with a general and large aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods.

RUN away the 14th of this inſtant July, from SAMUEL RHOADS, of Philadelphia, a ſervant boy, named *Thomas Day*, aged about 15 years, is ſmall of his age, but ſmart, active and capable; he was born in the weſt of England, and in ſome expreſſions, retains part of that country dialect; had on, or took with him, when he went away, two coats, one fuſtian, the other Bath or bearſkin, two check ſhirts, a thin brown jacket, fuſtian breeches, linen trowſers, ribbed worſted ſtockings, a good pair of ſhoes, large wrought white metal buckles, and old beaver hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may recover him, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges paid. ¶

JOHN ZELLER,

At the Diſtillery in Vine-ſtreet, near the corner of Third-ſtreet, lately occupied by Meſſieurs John and Peter Chevalier, or at his dwelling-houſe in Race-ſtreet, oppoſite the Sign of the Buffaloe,

MAKES and ſells, at the moſt reaſonable rates, Philadelphia RUM, equal in quality to any made on the continent; proper allowance is made to thoſe who buy a quantity to ſell again.---As the works are the largeſt of any in the city, and are carried on in the moſt extenſive manner, thoſe who may have occaſion for any to ſhip, may be ſupplied on very ſhort notice. N. B. He hath at preſent near 50 hogſheads by him ready made. ¶

Reading Goal, July 16, 1771.

WAS committed to this Goal, a Negroe Wench, about 20 Years of Age, who calls herſelf POLL, and ſays her Maſter lived on the York Road, about 30 Miles from Philadelphia, who is now dead: Theſe are therefore to notify all or any Perſon, who has a juſt Claim to her, to come within ſix Weeks from the Date hereof, prove his or their Property, pay Coſt, and take her away; otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold out for the Coſts, by ‡

GEORGE NAGLE, Goaler.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury township, Lancaſter county, on the 18th of this inſtant July, an indented ſervant girl, named *Catherine M'Donnel*, about 20 years of age, of a ſwarthy complexion, brown full eyes, dark brown hair; ſhe is a ſtout well made girl, and has ſomething of the brogue on her tongue; had on, and took with her, when ſhe went away, two tow ſhifts, two tow aprons, one cotton handkerchief, one pair of old ſhoes, one petticoat, ſuppoſed to be of brown linſey. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures her in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by William Graham, at the Sign of the Black Horſe, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or HENRY COWAN. ¶

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, on the the 18th of July inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in Eveſham, a Dutch ſervant lad, named CHRISTOPHER RACER, *about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, of a ſandy complexion, has thick buſhy hair, and a very remarkable wrinkle acroſs his forehead, which is very low; had on, when he went away, a homeſpun cotton jacket, ſtriped with red and black, the under ſide of the ſleeves of a light colour, a half worn felt hat, Ruſſia duck ſhirt, crocus trowſers, and ſingle ſoaled ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him home to his maſter, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by* ‡ JOSEPH ENGLE.

STRAYED or ſtolen (but ſuppoſed to be ſtolen) on the 15th or 16th of this inſtant July, from the ſubſcribers, in Weſt Nantmell, Cheſter county, a cheſtnut ſorrel MARE, with a large bald face, and wall eyed, about 14 hands high, 10 years old, ſtrait limbed, long ſided, ſmall legs and feet, good courage, and middling carriage, has been chiefly uſed as leader for a ſingle team, was in good order, ſhod before, neither brand nor ear-mark, that can be remembered, but has ſome white about her feet; ſhe was raiſed by James Dilworth, of Birmingham, Cheſter county; it is ſuppoſed, from circumſtances, that ſhe is taken ſome diſtance back in the country. Any perſon that ſecures ſaid mare and thief, ſo that he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Fifty Shillings reward, and for the mare Twenty Shillings, if ſtolen, and if ſtrayed Ten Shillings, and reaſonable charges. JAMES SOLGRAVE, and EDWARD PICE.

¶

Philadelphia, July 25, 1771.

THE partnerſhip of WALKER and BINKS being expired, the ſaid *Binks* has taken a ſhop next door to Mr. *Davis Baſſet*, and oppoſite the *Indian Queen ſtables*, in Fourth-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets; where he intends carrying on the SADDLE and CAP-MAKING BUSINESS, in the neateſt manner. And as he flatters himſelf, the time he was in partnerſhip with the ſaid *Walker*, that he gave general ſatisfaction to all gentlemen in every branch of the trade that he executed, he hopes he will do the ſame to all who pleaſe to favour him with their orders, as they may depend on being ſupplied at the ſhorteſt notice, and on the moſt reaſonable terms, by their obliged humble ſervant, §

CHRISTOPHER BINKS.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, in the night of the 9th of July inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in Mill creek Hundred, New-Caſtle County, a ſervant man, named WILLIAM M'WHORTER, *born in Scotland, and came in the ſhip Philadelphia, Captain Malcom, from Belfaſt, the beginning of this month; he is about 19 years of age, five feet five inches high, ſquint-eyed, pitted with the ſmall-pox, and has black curled hair; had on, and took with him, a new broad cloth coat, jacket and breeches, one dozen or more of good ſhirts, one pair of tow trowſers, and a ſhoe and a pump. He ſaid he had ſome relations in Philadelphia of the name of Sheppard, who would ſet him free, and it is ſuppoſed he is gone that way. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* MICHAEL RANKIN. ¶

TO BE LETT,

A TAN-YARD, near Third-ſtreet, and between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, in Philadelphia; which may be entered on immediately. Enquire of JOHN SNOWDEN, Tanner, or SAMUEL HUDSON. ¶

TO be SOLD by WILLIAM GODARD, mariner, living in Front-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, the time of a clean healthy ſervant GIRL, who has 4 years to ſerve from the third of June laſt, then came into the country; is fit for either town or country, and more eſpecially for the country, as ſhe can ſpin both worſted and linen very well. ¶

DAVID BACON,

HATH removed from Market to Second-ſtreet, to the houſe lately occupied by Joſeph Trotter, deceaſed, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, and nearly oppoſite Black-Horſe-Alley, where he ſtill carries on the hatting buſineſs; and likewiſe keeps a ſhop of ironmongery, conſiſting of anvils, vizes, mill, hand and wood-cutters ſaws, lead and iron weights, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, H and HL hinges, augers, ſcrew plates, London, bliſtered and German ſteel, flat-irons, frying-pans, cheſt locks, hinges, files, ſmith's and other hammers, &c. &c. &c. *Philadelphia, 7th month 23, 1771.* §

JAPANED WARE,

Equal in quality to any that can be imported from Great-Britain, is now made and ſold by

TIMOTHY BERRETT, and COMPANY,

at his houſe in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

AS this WARE is no way inferior, either in neatneſs of workmanſhip, japaning, painting, or poliſhing, to any that is made in England, the proprietors humbly hope that thoſe ladies or gentlemen, who have occaſion for any ſuch kind of goods, will be pleaſed to encourage the attempt of young beginners in a new Manufactory, by the favour of their cuſtom; eſpecially as they may have the advantage of having tea-boards, waiters, bread-baſkets, &c. made of any ſize and faſhion, and painted either with their coat of arms, or any other pattern to ſuit their fancy, and may have old japaned ware of any kind freſh done, and painted in ſuch a manner as to look very near (if not quite) as well as when new.

Store-keepers and others, who buy to ſell again, will have great allowance made to them; as the proprietors flatter themſelves, they can get up any kind of ware full as cheap as in England.

They have already finiſhed, and have for ſale, ſeveral dozen of quart jacks, and a few very neat bread-baſkets, tea-boards, and waiters.

Potts-Town, July 18, 1771.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, about the 10th of June laſt, a ſmall bay MARE, about 7 years old, has neither brand nor ear-mark, natural trotter. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold for the ſame, in one month from the date hereof. THOMAS DEWEES. §

NICHOLAS BROOKS,

Next door to the London Coffee-houſe, in Market-ſtreet,

ACQUAINTS the PUBLIC, that he has the moſt effectual medicine upon earth for the cure of an inveterate ſcurvy, leproſy, and pimpled face, of ever ſo long ſtanding, ſo as never to return again; likewiſe the evil fiſtulas, piles, and all the vexatious irritations and itchings often found in the ſeat of the piles; and he has in his poſſeſſion many affidavits of gentlemen of probity and rank, expreſſive of its great ſucceſs in the moſt deſperate ſcropholous caſes; it is called

MAREDANT's DROPS,

and ſold by him for Fourteen Shillings a bottle. If any perſon doubtful of what is aſſerted in their favour, will be pleaſed to call on Mr. *Brooks*, he will ſhew them the atteſtations in his poſſeſſion, and refer them to many perſons for a confirmation of what he aſſerts, for they have been happily reſtored to health, by uſing the Maredant's drops. At ſame place may be had, Hamet's eſſence of dentrifice; Ditto's powder and bruſhes for the teeth.

Lower Merion, Philadelphia July 22, County, 7711.

RUN away yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, a Dutch ſervant man, named *Henry Michael Deemer*, about 26 years of age, of a ſwarthy complexion, black curled hair, dark eyes, has a white ſpeck on his cheek bone, and one large bumpy heel, occaſioned by a ſhot; took with him, a half-worn pair of buckſkin breeches, one grey ſtrong jacket, and another ſtriped blue, white and yellow, new ſhoes, with braſs buckles; he is about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, and ſtrong built. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, and gives notice thereof, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶

JOHN RIGHTER.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the Paſture of the Subſcriber, *living in Breakneck Townſhip, Berks County, in the Night of the 4th of July inſt. a dapple-grey* HORSE, *ſeven Years old, from 15 to 16 Hands high, his Fore-feet lately ſhod, his Mane hanging on the right Side, his right Fore-leg, below the Knee, ſomewhat ſwelled with Knots, occaſioned by travelling, of which he is not quite cured; he is a Pacer, trots ſomewhat, but not much, carries his Head high, and has no Brand. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber, and ſecures the Thief, ſhall have the above Reward of* Five Pounds; *or for bringing the Horſe alone to the Owner, or to* BENJAMIN LANDIS, *three Miles from Lancaſter, or to* DURST PFISTER, *in Reading,* Four Pounds *Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by* ¶ NICHOLAS TSCHANS.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 13th of this inſtant July, from the ſubſcriber, living near Swan-creek, in Baltimore county, two ſervants, viz. MOSES CADUGAN, *born in Ireland, about 25 or 26 years old, a Shoemaker by trade, much pock-marked, and fond of talking; had on, and took with him, a light coloured broadcloth coat, a blue broadcloth jacket, loppelled, and a ſpotted flannel one, good cloth breeches, ſhoes and ſtockings, and white linen ſhirts: He has been in the country about 6 years.* WELDON DUNBAR, *a boy about 15 or 16 years old, born in Ireland, a Barber by trade, he has a very remarkable long flat head, and high forehead; had on, or took with him, check and oxenbrigs ſhirts, a dark coloured cloth jacket, without ſleeves, a ſuperfine red cloth loppelled one, much worn, and a thick ſearnought jacket, good leather breeches and oxenbrigs trowſers, good ſhoes and ſtockings, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up the aforeſaid ſervants, and ſecures them, ſo as their maſter may get them again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or* FIVE POUNDS *for each, if taken out of this county, paid by* JOSIAS WILLIAM DALLAM. ¶ S W.

CAME to the plantation of Ludwig Zimmerman, in Manahan townſhip, York county, on the 5th day of May laſt paſt, a ſtray BAY HORSE, about 9 or 10 years old, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock H, a ſmall white ſtar in his forehead, and paces. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, by LUDWIG ZIMMERMAN. ¶

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, about the middle of June laſt, a large brown COW, with a halfpenny cut in the near ear, her other marks unknown. Whoever has taken up ſaid cow, and will let the ſubſcriber know where he may get her, or Michael Cypher, in Trediffrin, ſhall have *Ten Shillings* reward; and if brought to either of them, or John Bever, *Fifteen Shillings*, paid by JACOB GIBARDIN. §

MARY RICHARDSON,

JUST arrived from ENGLAND, begs leave to inform the Ladies, that ſhe performs CLEAR-STARCHING in the beſt manner; gauze and blond lace done to appear as new; Dreſden and ſprigged work raiſed, and baby linen pinched.---- Ladies, who ſhall pleaſe to employ her, may depend on having their work executed with neatneſs and diſpatch, by applying at her houſe, in Front-ſtreet, two doors above Arch-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Bank Meeting-houſe. *July 20, 1771.*

WHEREAS the Subſcriber, by a great Number of written Advertiſements, at ſeveral Times heretofore, gave public Notice to all Retailers of ſpirituous Liquors, in York County, to enter their ſaid Liquors with him, every three Months at leaſt, and pay the Duty accruing on the ſame; but very few complying therewith, This is therefore once more to deſire each and every Retailer of ſpirituous Liquors, in York County, to make particular Entries of ſuch of the ſaid Liquors as they ſhall receive, every three Months at leaſt, and pay the Duty on the ſame, otherwiſe they will be dealt with, without Reſpect of Perſons, as the Law directs, by ¶

York, June 27, 1771. JACOB BILLMEYER, *jun. Collector.*

WAS left, on the 29th of June, 1771, at the Maſon's Arms, in New-Caſtle, by a well ſet ſwarthy man, name unknown, a bright bay MARE, branded on the near buttock S. R. has ſome ſaddle ſpots, her mane lately trimmed, a middling ſaddle, with one ſtirrup and a bridle, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, as the man has not ſince been heard of. Any perſon proving their property, and paying charges, may have her again, by applying to the ſubſcriber, at the place aforeſaid. ¶

MARY THOMAS.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or ſtolen from off the Commons, near the Barracks, two MARES, one a cheſtnut ſorrel, with a white mane and tail, 13 years old, paces and trots, 14 hands and an half high, has been worked in the ſhafts, went away on the 16th inſtant. The other a ſorrel, with a bald face, about 12 hands high, three years old, a trotter, juſt docked, went away about the 20th of May laſt. Whoever takes up ſaid mares, and ſecures the thief or thieves, if ſtolen, ſo that he or they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Two Dollars for each mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Cable-Lane, July 22, 1771. ROBERT TOMKINS. ¶

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, May 27, 1771, living in Manington townſhip, Salem county, Weſt New-Jerſey, an Iriſh ſervant man, named RICHARD HANDLEY, *about 20 years of age, wears his own fair hair, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a likely well ſet fellow, ſtoops as he walks, ſpeaks on the Iriſh dialect, and is remarkable for calling working cattle oxens; had on, and took with him, a felt hat, old homeſpun cloth jacket, of a lightiſh colour, one fine ſhirt, one tow cloth ditto, two pair of trowſers, one of check linen, a pair of buckſkin breeches, ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he may probably have a forged paſs with him. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me* JOHN ROBERTS. ¶

IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by

JOHN WOOD, *Clock and* WATCH-MAKER,

At the Corner of Front and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

CAST and forged clock-work, ſheet braſs, finiſhed faces, caſt watch-work, clock pinions cut, hard braſs wire, pillar braſs, clock bells, watch caſe ſprings and buttons, gold, ſilver and pinchbeck pendants, fuſee chains, chain hooks, clock and watch main-ſprings, watch glaſſes, ſteel and braſs watch-keys, ſilk ſtrings, catgut, flour emery, rotten ſtone, pumice ſtone, ſilvering, borax, pinion wire, click ſteel, ſteel wire, ſmall ſquare ſteel, flat ditto, clock hands, watch ditto, Turkey oil ſtones, poliſhing ſtones, crocus martis, gilding wax, and ſcratch bruſhes, clock gravers, clock turn benches, watch ditto, enamelled dial-plates, watch bench vizes, hand and tail vizes, ſliding tongs, cutting nippers, watch beak irons, ſmall hammers, watch-caſe hammers and ſtakes, broaches, pinion and frame gouges, clock and watch ſcrew plates, punches, ſpring ſaw frames, braces and bitts, ſpring blowers, ſteel tweeſers, dividers, calipers, ſcrapers, freeſing tools, beam compaſſes, clock and watch plyers, riveting tools, endleſs ſcrew keys, blow pipes, ſcrew drivers, black wax, watch pendulum wires, hunting chains, oil ſtone ſlips, coloured watch papers, &c. Alſo all kinds of clock and watch files, and a parcel of ſilver watches. §

Philadelphia, June 25, 1771.

THE PENNSYLVANIA OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE, IN CARTER's-ALLEY,

Is conducted by the Subſcriber, upon the ſame uſeful plan as ſuch offices are in the city of London, and other capital places in England.

THE intent of this OFFICE is to regiſter and provide ſuch perſons who have money to lett on intereſt with borrowers, and ſuch ſecurity as may be required.

Secondly. To regiſter lands, houſes, tenements, rooms, horſes, carriages, veſſels, merchandize, goods, chattels, and every other wares, &c.---ſuch that are for ſale, to lett, or to hire.

Thirdly. To provide ladies, gentlemen, tradeſmen and others, with hired ſervants and apprentices in all capacities; and with indented ſervants, Negroes, &c.

Merchants, maſters of veſſels, &c. who import ſervants from Europe, upon regiſtering them at this office, and ſpecifying their trades, abilities, &c. may be informed of purchaſers.

As it muſt be readily granted, that ſuch an undertaking will conſequently be productive of many conſiderable advantages both to this city and province, the ſubſcriber craves the encouragement of the public in general, who may depend on his care and aſſiduity, upon all occaſions, to render his plan extenſively uſeful, by their moſt humble ſervant,

THOMAS YORKE, *Scrivener.*

Who returns his moſt ſincere thanks for the favours already received, and aſſures his friends, and the public in general, that nothing will be wanting on his part to merit the eſteem of his employers.

WANTED, ſeveral ſums of money on ſecurities undeniable in the adjacent counties.

Wanted to lett ſeveral ſums of money on buildings, &c. free of groundrent in this city.

Wanted, ſeveral women ſervants for good places.

Want places, ſeveral ſervant men in different capacities.

Wanted to purchaſe ſome Negroe men, women, boys, and girls.

Wanted to diſpoſe of ſeveral indented ſervants, ſuitable for town or country buſineſs.

Wanted to diſpoſe of ſeveral ſorts of merchandize low for caſh.

Wanted a partner, in a very beneficial manufactory, who can advance £ 200, and be well recommended.

Wanted ſeveral young boys, as apprentices to good trades.

Wanted to diſpoſe of the time of a Welſh ſervant man, a farmer, 4 years to ſerve.

Want places, two young men as clerks, or to keep ſtore, can be well recommended.

Wanted a young ſmart boy, to attend, and ride out with a ſingle gentleman.

To be ſold, a quantity of good London porter. ¶ 7 ſ 6.

CHOICE RED PORT WINE,

In bottles or quarter caſks, to be SOLD, by

BENJAMIN FULLER,

AT his VENDUE-STORE, in Water-ſtreet, a little below Walnut-ſtreet. 3m

N. B. The Vendue-buſineſs is carried on by him as uſual.

WHEREAS in purſuance of an act of General Aſſembly of the province of Pennſylvania, intituled, An Act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds for the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame, and by three ſubſequent acts for granting to his Majeſty the additional ſum of Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds, the following tracts of located and unimproved lands have been duly valued and rated by the aſſeſſors for the county of Cumberland, the property of the perſons herein after named; and whereas the owners of ſaid tracts of lands have neglected to pay the collectors of the different townſhips the ſeveral undermentioned ſums, which, according to the ſaid valuation, have been aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid lands, as the proportion thereof for ſeveral years paſt, for ſaid tax, by the act impoſed: We, the commiſſioners of the county of Cumberland aforeſaid, in purſuance of ſaid acts, do give notice, that on Monday, the 2d day of September next, at the houſe of Mr. James Pollock, in the town of Carliſle, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, the following tracts of located unimproved lands, or ſuch part as will be ſufficient to anſwer the ſaid taxes, and all charges accruing by reaſon of the non-payment thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue from day to day until all are ſold. Given under our hands, this 27th day of May, 1771. JAMES DUNLOP, WILLIAM MILLER, WILLIAM CLARK, Commiſſioners.

200 acres on Bald Ridge, in Colerain townſhip; 300 adjoining Thomas Barnet, in Rye; 300 (6 cleared) in ditto; belonging to Benjamin Jacobs, rated £ 1 17 11.

David Kennedy, in Colerain, 1 2 6.

200 acres on Cove Creek, in ditto, belonging to Rowland M'Donald, 0 15 0.

300 acres (4 cleared) in Barree; 300 (10 cleared) in ditto; 900 in Woodcock Valley, in ditto; 100 on Little Juniata, in ditto; 500 Upper croſſings of Frankſtown Branch, in ditto; 1300 at the Globe, in ditto; 1100 at Clear Creek, in Colerain; 600 in Derry; 300 (15 cleared) in Dublin; 340 near Aughwick's Creek mouth, in ditto; 1100 adjoining Cheſtnut Ridge, in ditto; 300 at Red Banks, on Aughwick, in ditto; 570 at the mouth of Black Log Creek, in ditto; 570 adjoining Clark's Bottom, in ditto; 1800 on the Three Spring Creek, in ditto; belonging to Richard Neave and Company, 60 1 11.

900 acres on Jack's Creek, in Derry townſhip, belonging to Charles Magill, 3 7 6.

400 acres in ditto, belonging to Neal M'Caſkey, 1 10 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Thomas Evans, 0 15 0.

200 acres adjoining Joſeph Mahan, in Lack townſhip, belonging to William M'Connell, 0 15 0.

200 acres in Penn's townſhip, belonging to Michael Bradenback, 0 15 0.

300 acres (6 cleared) in ditto, belonging to Edward Quin, 1 17 11.

300 acres in Air, belonging to William Yeates, 1 2 6.

148 acres in Barree; and 100 adjoining Alexander M'Nutt, in Armagh, belonging to Robert Caſwell, 1 14 9.

300 acres on Middle Creek, in Penn's, belonging to Michael Egulf, 2 5 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Valentine Jelk, 2 5 9.

200 acres on Middle Creek, in ditto; and 200 adjoining the Falls, in Derry, belonging to Patrick Miller, 2 5 0.

200 acres adjoining Peter Stroub, in Penn's, belonging to Stophel Myer, 1 10 0.

100 acres adjoining the ſame, in ditto, belonging to Michael Myer, 0 15 0.

200 acres adjoining William Neavis, in ditto, belonging to John Miſer, 1 10 0.

400 acres in Foutz's Valley, in ditto, belonging to Edward M'Dowell, 1 10 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Matthias Potter, 1 10 0.

200 acres Little Mohontongo, in ditto, belonging to Caſper Stump, 1 10 0.

600 acres ditto, in ditto, belonging to Henry Yeller, 4 10 0.

200 acres adjoining Michael Swingle, in ditto, belonging to Lodowick Yearring, 1 10 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Michael Reager, jun. 0 15 0.

300 acres in Hopewell, belonging to Roſs and Weſt, 2 5 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Andrew Scott, 3 7 6.

200 acres in Lurgan, belonging to Abraham Smith, 0 15 0.

100 acres adjoining Narrows Mountain, in Fermanagh; 300 adjoining James Sterrat, in Armagh; and 200 adjoining Robert M'Nutt, in ditto, belonging to Iſſachar Beavis, 2 5 0.

200 acres adjoining John Potts, in Fannet townſhip, belonging to Hugh M'Curdy, 0 15 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to William Porter, 0 15 0.

100 acres adjoining Dougal Campbell, in Lack, belohging to William Bail, junior, 0 15 0.

400 acres adjoining Henry Bower, in Penn's, belonging to George Harrold, 1 10 0.

200 acres in Milford, belonging to Samuel Brice, 0 15 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Daniel M'Clelland, 0 15 0.

8000 acres in Bedford; 1000 in Barree; and 3000 at Wills's Creek, in Cumberland, belonging to Peters and Clark, 88 2 6.

300 acres in Barree; and 100 (5 cleared) in Dublin, belonging to James Elliot and Company, 37 10 0.

400 acres in Barree, belonging to John Mitchell, Waggoner, 2 8 0.

200 acres in Woodcock Valley, in ditto; 300 (2 cleared) in Cumberland; 120 (3 cleared) Friends Cove, in Colerain; 50 (10 cleared) at the Croſſings, in ditto; and 60 (4 cleared) near Thomas Miller's, in ditto, belonging to George Woods, 0 19 2.

300 acres in Penn's, belonging to Joſeph Simons, 1 2 6.

300 acres adjoining lands of Capt. Trent, in Bedford, belonging to John Fulton, 4 10 0.

150 acres on Frankſtown Waters, in ditto, belonging to Joſeph Hunter, 2 5 0.

800 acres Shanacabbin Waters, in ditto; and 400 Three Springs, in Dublin, belonging to Ralph and M'Cord, 14 12 6.

300 acres (6 cleared) in Bedford; and 300 in Colerain, belonging to James Maxwell, 2 6 4.

300 acres on Elk Lick, in Colerain, belonging to John Foutz, 2 6 4.

300 acres (6 cleared) Fermanagh; and 200 adjoining John Brown, in Derry, belonging to Samuel Hunter, 2 10 5.

100 acres in Fermanagh, 200 in Greenwood; and 50 in Rye, belonging to John M'Bride, 1 0 3.

300 acres in Derry, belonging to Robert Levers, 1 2 6.

400 acres adjoining Marcus Hueling, in Greenwood; and 200 in Newtown, belonging to George Roſs, Eſq; 7 13 6.

300 acres in Greenwood, belonging to Peter Aſh, 2 5 0.

200 acres on Frankſtown Waters, in Bedford, belonging to Robert Robb, 3 0 0.

300 acres in Greenwood, belonging to Andrew Evey, 1 2 6.

1100 acres in ditto, belonging to David Engliſh, 4 2 6.

50 acres in Antrim; 200 (3 cleared) in Milford; and 200 in Rye, belonging to James Kennedy, 3 0 10.

250 acres adjoining Bigham's Gap, in Lack; and 200 in Milford, belonging to John Potts, 2 17 9.

200 acres (5 cleared) in Peters's townſhip; 200 (8 cleared) in ditto; 300 (5 cleared) in Fannet; and 200 (20 cleared) in Letterkenny; and 200 in Hamilton, belonging to Benjamin Chambers, 2 1 6.

100 acres adjoining George Weary, in Letterkenny, belonging to John Irwin, 1 10 0.

100 acres in Lurgan, belonging to Martha Swanſey, 1 2 6.

90 acres (15 cleared) in ditto; 200 in Fannet; and 300 in Hopewell, belonging to Samuel Culbertſon, 2 14 7.

1000 acres in Barree, belonging to Patrick Alliſon, 11 5 0.

300 acres White Oak Valley, in Dublin, belonging to Clement Horrell, 3 7 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Thomas Kelver, 0 15 0.

100 acres in ditto; 250 (3 cleared) in Hamilton; and 100 in Armagh, belonging to James Moor, 0 15 11.

200 acres Little Hell, in Dublin, belonging to Zachariah Rickets, 1 10 0.

600 acres adjoining Jack's Creek, in Derry, belonging to Cuthbert Landuff, 4 10 0.

100 acres in Allen, belonging to James Harbiſon, 1 2 6.

600 in Bedford, belonging to Col. Haldiman's eſtate, 2 5 0.

200 acres (2 cleared) in Cumberland; 1400 Clear Creek, adjoining James Elliot, in Colerain; 50 (2 cleared) Foot of Allegheny, in Bedford; 300 (30 cleared) near ditto; and 500 Shanacabbin Waters, in ditto, belonging to John Ormſby, 9 13 11.

200 acres (12 cleared) in Colerain; 100 in Guilford; and 75 in Antrim, belonging to James Cunningham, 1 8 2.

2000 Rayſtown Waters, in Colerain, belonging to Lindſay, Ireland, and Company, 7 10 0.

250 acres; 250; and 200, in Colerain, belonging to Perry, Urie, and Ireland, 2 12 6.

400 acres in Derry; and 400 adjoining Captain Little, in Lack, belonging to Robert Levers, 5 5 0.

300 acres in Guilford, belonging to George Baird, 1 13 9.

100 acres adjoining Daniel M'Connell, in Air townſhip, belonging to Iſrael Jacobs, 1 2 6.

300 acres; and 100; in Fermanagh, belonging to Sarah Lakens, 3 7 6.

400 acres in Newtown; 300 (10 cleared) in ditto; 300 (10 cleared) in ditto; 200 (20 cleared) in Hopewell; and 200 (15 cleared) in ditto; belonging to Perry and Duncan, 3 19 6.

300 acres in Rye, belonging to Robert Campbell, 0 15 0.

100 acres in ditto, belonging to Tobias Hendricks, 1 10 0.

300 acres adjoining Finlay M'Cowen, in ditto, belonging to James M'Conaughy, 4 10 0.

300 acres in Eaſt Pennſborough, belonging to John Yourt, 1 2 6.

200 acres in Barree; 300 Bruſh Creek, in Colerain; and 600 Clear Creek, in ditto; belonging to John Alliſon, 10 14 6.

200 in Barree; 300 adjoining Benjamin Chandeley, in Armagh, belonging to Phineas Bond, 2 12 6.

200 acres in Barree, belonging to Benjamin Coates, 0 15 0.

400 acres in ditto, belonging to William Gamble, 4 10 0.

2000 acres in ditto; and 1200 in ditto; belonging to Reuben Haynes, 28 6 3.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to ----- Hartles, 2 5 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Benjamin Kidd, 2 16 3.

400 acres in ditto; and 150 in Penn's; belonging to Melchar, 5 1 3.

150 acres in Barree, belonging to Thomas Porter, 1 13 9.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to William Rippy, 4 2 6.

600 acres in ditto, belonging to John Shea, 4 10 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to George Wolf, 2 5 0.

100 acres in ditto, belonging to William Witherton, 1 2 6.

600 acres adjoining William M'Illeavey, in Greenwood; 300 in Fannet; 170 in ditto; and 500 adjoining William Steel, in Rye; belonging to Robert Porter, 9 12 6.

300 acres adjoining John Anderſon, in Derry; and 300 adjoining John Montgomery, in Armagh; belonging to Richard Coots, 3 15 0.

300 acres on Robinſon's Run, 300 on Shaver's Creek, 300 on Shaver's Creek, 300 on the Mouth of Frough Creek, and 100 on Bedford Branch, in Barree; 100 in Fermanagh; 300 on the Mouth of Deer Creek, in Cumberland; 1500 patented, Morriſon's Cove, 100 (10 cleared) 1500 warranted, Morriſon's Cove, 500 Frankſtown, and 250 Cheſtnut-hill, in Bedford, belonging to Samuel Wallace, 146 3 2½.

250 acres adjoining Phineas Bond, belonging to Benjamin Chandeley, in Armagh, 1 13 9.

300 adjoining James Alexander, in ditto, belonging to William Little, 1 2 6.

200 acres in Bedford; and 400 (11 cleared) in Colerain; belonging to James Piper, 1 13 2.

200 acres in Bedford; 200 (3 cleared) in Colerain; and 200 in Hopewell; belonging to John Piper, 1 11 10.

400 adjoining Widow M'Knight, and 200 on Hickory Lick in Lack, belonging to Ralph Sterret, 5 16 6.

200 acres in Penn's, belonging to John Aumeller, 1 10 10.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Henry Bower, 3 0 0.

600 acres adjoining George Stump, in ditto, belonging to Paul Gemberlaw, 3 7 6.

200 acres adjoining Peter Stroub, in ditto, belonging to Michael Myer, 1 2 6.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Henry Sellers, 1 2 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to George Sight, 0 15 0.

180 acres in Hamilton; and 200 (5 cleared) in Derry; belonging to Robert Chambers, 1 4 11.

100 acres (1 cleared) in Hamilton, belonging to James Elliot, 1 6 8.

300 acres on the Dry Run, near Sinkholes, in Cumberland, belonging to James M'Cauſlan, 3 0 2.

170 acres in Dublin; and 200 adjoining Charles Cox, in Derry; belonging to James Barclay, 2 2 9.

150 acres (4 cleared) in Dublin; and 300 in Fannet; belonging to Robert Harvey, 1 4 2.

150 acres in Dublin; and 300 (7 cleared) in Cumberland; belonging to Andrew Steel, 1 3 7.

100 acres in Milford, belonging to John Kennedy, 0 15 0.

200 acres adjoining Robert Hodge, in ditto, belonging to Purviance and Cox, 1 8 0.

300 acres on a Run of Town Creek, in Colerain; 600 on ditto, in ditto; 300 on Kennedy's Run, in Dublin; 300 on Powel's Spring, in ditto; and 200 (5 cleared) in ditto; belonging to George Armſtrong, 10 15 7.

100 acres (5 cleared) in Fermanagh; 300 adjoining Robert M'Nutt, in Armagh; and 100 adjoining the ſame, in ditto; belonging to James Alexander, 1 13 8.

400 acres adjoining Thomas Urie, in Colerain; and 300 in Hopewell; belonging to William M'Ilwaine, 5 6 9.

100 acres in Fermanagh, belonging to Peter Friggs, 1 2 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Philip Snider, 2 5 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to William Cochran, 1 11 0.

200 acres adjoining John Thompſon, in ditto, belonging to Moſes Kirk, 1 10 0.

100 acres in ditto; and 100 (10 cleared) in Bedford; belonging to Samuel Rippy, 1 4 5.

200 acres in Tyrone, belonging to Carmichael's eſtate, 1 2 6.

200 acres at Little Hell, in Dublin, belonging to John Carmichael, 0 15 0.

150 acres in ditto, belonging to James Carmichael, 0 11 3.

300 adjoining Friggs's, in Bedford, belonging to Robert Irwin, 4 2 6.

300 acres at Morriſon's Cove, in ditto; and 100 adjoining Moſes Lum, in Hamilton; belonging to Joſeph Lindſay, 2 5 11.

100 acres (10 cleared) in Fannet; and 200 (4 cleared) in Dublin; belonging to Randle Alexander, 0 14 5.

300 acres in Dublin, belonging to John Blair, 1 2 6.

100 acres at Little Hell, in ditto, belonging to James Bogle, 1 2 6.

100 acres (5 cleared) in Dublin; 100 in Fannet; and 150 Muſmita Bottom, in Barree; belonging to James Elliot, 1 8 4.

2500 acres Frankſtown Waters, 2100 Dunning's Creek, 200 Shanacabbin Waters, and 600 Reaſtown Waters (6 cleared) in Bedford; 600, and 1800, in Barree; 3000 Wills's Creek, in Cumberland; 300 South ſide of Tupey's Mountain, and 1100 at the Gap of Yellow Creek, in Colerain; 600 adjoining Charles Cox, in Derry; 2500, in Dublin; 300 adjoining David Elder (8 cleared) 200 adjoining Henry Haughinbord (5 cleared) and 600, in Fannet; 200 adjoining James Crampton, 200 on Delaway Run, and 200 on Doe Run, in Fermanagh; and 248 (8 cleared) in Middleton; belonging to Meſſieurs Baynton and Wharton, and Company, 138 5 4.

200 acres adjoining Stophel Monce (8 cleared) in Greenwood; and 150 in Penn's; belonging to John Reed, 0 19 10.

300 acres in Rye, belonging to Andrew Berryhill, 3 7 6.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Henry Baker, 3 7 6.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Eve Baker, 3 7 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Archibald Henderſon, 1 19 6.

1200 acres on Juniata, adjoining David Engliſh, in ditto, belonging to Emanuel Jones, 12 7 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to John Black, 1 2 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Francis Colſer, 1 10 0.

200 acres (4 cleared) in ditto; and 300 in Penn's; belonging to Andrew Galbraith, 1 10 2.

200 acres in Rye, belonging to Widow Henderſon, 0 15 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Richard Henderſon, 0 15 0.

200 acres adjoining Charles Cox, 800 adjoining Henry Taylor, 900 adjoining Abel James, 200 adjoining Robert Donnevan, 200 adjoining John Wallace, and 300 adjoining William Alexander, in Derry; 600 adjoining Shade Mountain, in Milford; 600 on Cockolamus, adjoining William Boyd, in Fermanagh; 600 adjoining Dr. Plunket, in Penn's; and 100 (6 cleared) in Rye; belonging to Joſeph Jacob's eſtate, Balance 79 6 3.

400 acres in Rye; and 200 adjoining William Stewart, in Fermanagh; belonging to John James, 2 5 0.

250 acres in Rye, belonging to Captain M'Culloch, 1 17 6.

400 acres in ditto, belonging to Alexander Power, 2 1 3.

300 acres (6 cleared) in ditto, belonging to the Widow Stout, 3 0 5.

200 acres (4 cleared) in ditto; and 200 in Dublin; belonging to James Stackpole, 0 15 5.

2000 acres in Colerain, belonging to Benjamin Davis, 15 0 0.

200 at Snakes Spring, in ditto, belonging to James Guthrie, 0 15 0.

220 acres adjoining lands of Charles Quin, in Rye, belonging to William Murray, 3 15 0.

1500 acres in Barree, belonging to Edward Shippen, Eſq; junr. 16 17 6.

200 acres in Lack, belonging to Patrick Robinſon, 0 15 0.

300 acres adjoining lands of Charles Kennedy, belonging to James Kenny, in Milford, 3 3 9.

300 acres in Hopewell; 150 in Barree; and 100 (2 cleared) in Tyrone; belonging to James M'Bride, 1 7 8.

300 acres in Hamilton, patented, belonging to Alexander Neſmith, 2 8 11.

300 acres adjoining Zachariah Chambers, in Derry; 200 adjoining Caſper Reed, in Penn's; and 100 (5 cleared) in ditto; belonging to Captain Dowell's eſtate, 3 15 0.

200 in Hamilton, belonging to William Armſtrong, 0 17 2.

300 acres in ditto; and 200 in Milford; belonging to Alexander Walker, 3 5 8.

200 acres in Peters's; and 300 in Lurgan; belonging to James Smith, Eſq; 3 4 11.

300 acres adjoining William Riddle, and 200 (3 cleared) in the Foreſt, in Fermanagh; 600 in Barree; 200 adjoining John Reyenbough, in Penn's; 300 adjoining John Shaw, in Milford; 100 acres bought of William Patterſon, Eſq; in Derry; 965 in ditto; and 600 in ditto; belonging to John Cox, junr. 15 9 3.

500 acres in Cumberland, belonging to Thomas Baſſett, Eſq; 3 15 0.

200 acres (10 cleared) in Fannet, belonging to William Linn, 1 6 6.

600 acres adjoining James Glaſs, in Armagh; and 500 in Barree; belonging to James Starret, 11 12 6.

800 acres White Oak Cove, in Bedford; and 300 in Fannet; belonging to Levey Andrew Levey, 9 11 3.

1000 acres in Barree; 300 adjoining William M'Nutt, 200 adjoining James Starret, and 200 adjoining James Alexander (5 cleared) in Armagh; 150, and 300, in Fannet; belonging to John Wallace's heirs, 21 18 11.

600 acres in Penn's, belonging to Mageeghan, 2 5 0.

200 acres adjoining James Alexander, in Armagh, belonging to Robert Hunter, 0 15 0.

2700 acres in three tracts, in ditto; and 300 in Rye; belonging to Abel James, 32 18 9.

400 acres South Branch of Frankſtown Waters, in Bedford, belonging to James Stirling, 3 15 0.

200 acres on Shaver's Creek, in Barree, belonging to George Hutchinſon, 1 10 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Charles Irwin, 0 15 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to William M'Illeavey, 1 2 6.

150 acres in ditto, belonging to Thomas Porter, 1 13 9.

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

COARSE, middling, fine and ſuperfine,-----allowed, by perſons that are well acquainted with the nature of them, to be equal in quality to any imported,----to be ſold by ELIZABETH THOMAS, at her houſe in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Front-ſtreets, Philadelphia. ¶

Philadelphia, June 29, 1771.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away laſt night, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named PHILIP DONAHOW, near 16 years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches high, and well proportioned for his height, fair complexion, light brown curly hair, tied behind; a freſh coloured likely fellow, with thick lips, blue eyes, and good countenance; he is round ſhouldered, and a little knock kneed, very talkative, and ſpeaks thick; had on, and took with him, an old hat, a new compleat ſuit of livery, of blue cloth, with red facing, an old green waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, 3 pair of breeches, one of buckſkin, another of nankeen, and the 3d of white drilling, 2 or 3 pair of thread ſtockings, 3 linen ſhirts, 2 pair of buckles, one ſilver, the other Pinchbeck. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward of Six Dollars, if taken upwards of 10 miles from this city; but if within that diſtance, Four Dollars, and reaſonable charges, will be paid by

¶ JACOB MAYER.

N. B. The ſaid ſervant lately lived with Mr. *Moylan*: It is very probable that he will change his clothes, to avoid detection.

To the PUBLIC.

THE PHILADELPHIA PUBLIC GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE, lately kept by the Subſcriber, at his houſe in Walnut-ſtreet, is removed to the Weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, of which the Public are deſired to take notice,

That if any Merchants, Maſters of veſſels, or others, have any ſort of merchandize, goods, veſſels, lands, houſes, negroes or ſervants to ſell cheap for caſh, or to barter, or any veſſels to charter, houſes, lands, ſhops, rooms, or lodgings to lett, by entering them at the Office, may be informed of purchaſers.

Charters or hirers, and thoſe that want to purchaſe, charter or hire any of the above, ſhall be informed if any are entered at the Office.

If any perſon has money to lend, or want to borrow, if they apply to this Office, both wants may be ſoon ſupplied, and the obligations drawn between them at the ſaid Office with ſecrecy and diſpatch.

If maſters want journeymen, or journeymen maſters; alſo, if men or women want places of ſervice, by applying to this Office, they may be ſoon ſupplied.

The Intelligencer aſſures the Public, that his intentions in opening this Office, were to ſerve them as well as himſelf, and with no deſign to prejudice any other profeſſion; and therefore hopes, that in this undertaking he has given offence to none. As he is the firſt who has opened an Office of this nature, which has been attended with a great expence, moſt earneſtly requeſts the Public in general, to give it all the encouragement neceſſary, to enable him to make his Office extenſively uſeful, and anſwer all the purpoſes of the ſame, in an expeditious and advantageous manner, by which means the inhabitants of this province, and others coming therein, will be univerſally benefited.

Due attendance and care therein ſhall be punctually obſerved, and the Public's favours ever eſteemed, by their aſſured friend,

¶ 7/6 WILLIAM IRISON, BROKER.